[JULY, MDCCLXVI.] [NUMB. 33.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1766.

LEGHORN, APRIL 7.

IN anſwer to the Communities of Corſica, who demanded of Paoli a diminution of ſome taxes, that Chief told them, that it was impoſſible to be done while the war with the Genoeſe continued, and that even afterwards it would be difficult, in as much as to preſerve the independence of the ſtate, it would be neceſſary to keep up conſtantly nine ſhips of the line, fourteen frigates, and tartans in a great number, beſides a land army. Paoli was arrived at Cape Corſe, at the time theſe letters came away, and arming them there with great vigour for a Coup de Main of importance.

LUCCA, April 5. *We learn from Corſica, that the Communities of that Iſle have preſented a petition to General Paoli, requeſting of him the abolition of ſome taxes. His anſwer was that the ordinary revenues of the government were not ſufficient for withdrawing them entirely from under the Genoeſe yoke, and that of courſe they ought to give a ſincere teſtimony of their fidelity to their country, and of their love for liberty, by paying thoſe taxes with chearfulneſs and generoſity.*

The citizens of Ajaccio having had advice that the commiſſary of the republick had condemned to death two inhabitants of that place, who had defended themſelves vigorouſly againſt the Arches, but afterwards had been taken by the French ſoldiers, have all riſen, and declared that they are reſolved to ſave their fellow-citizens whatever it coſt them; notwithſtanding this, the executioner is expected at Baſtia to put them to death.

It is aſſured, that General Paoli is preparing to go to Cape-Corſe, in the province of Balagna, that he has ſent orders to all his forces to put themſelves under arms, and to be ready to march upon an enterprize neceſſary to the ſupport and defence of their honour. It is added, that this order has given the alarm to the French troops.

LONDON, *May* 3.

IT is thought the late commotions in Spain will be attended with conſiderable advantages to Great-Britain. That affair manifeſtly proves that the Bourbon Family Compact is by no means agreeable to the ſenſe and inclinations of the native Spaniards; that they diſapprove of ſuch a cloſe connection with France, and conſequently we, as well as other nations, may look upon that compact in a leſs formidable light. It ſhews, that the native Spaniards have an antipathy to the French nation, their modes and faſhions; and alſo that they have an affection for the Engliſh, and deſire to live in friendſhip with them. As it demonſtrates, that the people of Spain do not like to be led by the noſe by the French, and to be drawn by her into a quarrel with England, ſo it may very likely tend to prolong the peace. His Catholick Majeſty's army of native Spaniards refuſing to fire upon their fellow ſubjects, affords a very inſtructive leſſon to all ambitious and arbitrary princes, as it ſhews them, that their native ſoldiery will not be concerned in carrying on violent meaſures, and deſtroying the rights, liberties, and lives of their fellow ſubjects; and the Walloon guards firing upon the Spaniards, is a ſtriking proof, which the people of every country ſhould take eſpecial notice of, how dangerous it is to ſuffer their princes to keep foreign troops in the nation. It likewiſe affords a very uſeful leſſon to all miniſters and favourites, as it ſhews them, that no favour of their prince can be ſufficient to protect them againſt the reſentment of an injured and enraged people.

Extract of a letter from France, April 28.

" *You muſt have heard, I ſuppoſe, of the inſurrections in Spain, on account of the prime miniſter Squilace. He arrived at Bourdeaux laſt Monday, and eſcaped through Spain in the diſguiſe of a footman.*

The Manilla ranſom, we are told, is to be inſiſted upon immediately, and our miniſters, 'tis ſaid, are determined to put up with no further procraſtination.

It is ſaid, for the greater ſecurity of our African ſettlements, it is intended to veſt the property of the whole in the crown, from the ſtreights of Gibraltar to the moſt ſouthern extremities poſſeſſed by the Engliſh on that continent.

They write from Gibraltar, that a body of troops were on their march to Malaga, where they were to be embarked for Vera Cruz in America.

We hear that 180,000 l. agreed to be paid by the French King, for the maintainance of French priſoners, during the courſe of the late war, will be applied for the ſervice of the preſent year.

May 9. *We hear the right hon. Mr. Secretary Conway will ſoon be complimented with the freedom of the city of London in a gold box.*

Letters from Madrid, of the 8th ult. inform, that the Spaniſh governor hath ordered ſix regiments of foot, and two of horſe, to embark with the utmoſt expedition for America, having lately received an account of inſurrections, not only in Mexico, but alſo in the city of Quito, in Peru.

It is aſſured, that a great Orator has outdone his former outdoings, by his very ſpirited and reſiſtleſs eloquence lately in oppoſition to general warrants.

It is ſtrongly reported that the right hon. Mr. Grenville will ſhortly be created a peer of Great-Britain, and alſo be gratified with a moſt honourable and lucrative ſinecure.

They write from Edinburgh, that a new China manufactory is to be eſtabliſhed at Dalkeith in Scotland.

We hear from Portſmouth, that ſome ſhips of war lately commiſſioned, were ſoon to be laid up in ordinary; and the crews of the ſeveral guard-ſhips were reduced to their loweſt complement.

{For more Foreign, London, and other News, &c. ſee the Addition to this Day's Gazette, &c.}

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

WILLIAMSBURG, (in VIRGINIA) June 3.

ON Monday laſt, about 10 o'Clock in the Morning, a violent Thunder Guſt happened in that Town, during which a Chimney of Mrs. Reynolds's Houſe, upon which was an electrical Spire, being ſtruck, the Points were knocked off the Standard, and the Conductor is no where to be found. The Kitchen Door being oppoſite to the Chimney, and only about 10 Yards Diſtance, at which a Negro Woman was waſhing, the Lightning entered at a Window a little above the Door, and ſtove the Tub ſhe was waſhing at into Pieces, ſtruck the Negro down, and darted to where a Negro Man was ſitting, whoſe Head and Legs were moſt terribly cut and bruiſed, and it is ſuppoſed by the Pieces of the Tub, that were drove about the Kitchen, that he lived but a ſhort Time. There were three Children in the Kitchen, who were not hurt; and the Negro Woman is recovered, but complains of great Pain in her Body.

And on Sunday laſt, about 5 o'Clock in the Afternoon, Lightning ſtruck the Main-maſt of the Brigt. OEconomy, Capt. Revoire, then lying off Burwell's Ferry; owing, it is imagined, to an Iron Spindle and ſome other Iron Work at the Maſt-head, which attracted the Lightning. The Main-maſt, Main-top-maſt, and Main-top-gallant-maſt, were ſplit, the laſt much ſhivered. In its Paſſage down it broke a Tub that ſtood near the Main-maſt, killed a Fowl between a Man and a Boy, and threw it overboard; and tumbled, broke, and overſet ſeveral Things between Decks. Providentially none of the Crew were killed, but ſome of them were much ſhocked.

On Wedneſday the 4th of June, being the King's Birth-Day, the Gentlemen of Hampton and Elizabeth City and County, moved by a due Senſe of Loyalty and Gratitude to the beſt of Monarchs, the Father and Redreſſer of his People, celebrated their Joy on the happy Repeal of the Stamp-Act. The Morning was uſhered in by firing of Guns, and every poſſible Demonſtration of Joy: At Noon, on the Royal Salute being given, the Gentlemen repaired to the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, where an elegant Entertainment was provided; after which the King, Queen, and many other loyal Healths were drank, under proper Diſcharges of Cannon.

June 21. Arrived in James River, from Briſtol, the Planter, Captain Cawſey. On the 27th of May, in Lat. 38, Long. 62, he took up the Crew of the Brigantine Elizabeth, Joſeph Beeman, Maſter, belonging to London, but laſt from Dublin, and bound to Ocracock, in North-Carolina. This Veſſel, in a Storm about a Fortnight before, had loſt her Main-maſt, and her Boats were obliged to be cut away; and when the Crew left her, ſhe had nine Feet Water above the Ballaſt.

July 4. At Newtown, in Princeſs-Anne county, on Thurſday the 26th of June, the principal Gentlemen, moved by a due Senſe of Loyalty and Gratitude to the beſt of Monarchs, the Father and Redreſſer of his People, celebrated their Joy on the happy Repeal of the Stamp-Act, by repairing to the Riſing Sun Tavern, where an elegant Entertainment was provided; after which the following Toaſts were drank, viz. The King. The Queen. The Prince of Wales and Royal Family. The Parliament of Great-Britain. The Colony of Virginia. The Governor, Council, and Houſe of Repreſentatives. May the preſent happy Unanimity between Great-Britain and her Colonies ever ſubſiſt. Lord Camden. Mr. Pitt. General Conway. General Howard. Colonel Barre. Perpetual Diſappointments to the Enemies of America. Trade and Navigation. The County of Princeſs-Anne. The Evening concluded with an elegant Ball, at which were preſent a numerous Company of Ladies and Gentlemen, who made a genteel Appearance; and in every Face appeared Demonſtrations of Loyalty, and Joy, on the happy Occaſion.

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.

Yeſterday, being the King's Birth-Day, when he entered into his Twenty-ninth Year, the Honourable Aſſembly dined with his Honour the Governor, by particular Invitation.

The ſame Day a great Number of reſpectable Citizens aſſembled on the Banks of the River Schuylkill, to celebrate the ſame; where an elegant Entertainment was provided. The Company after Dinner drank many loyal and conſtitutional Toaſts.

From Barbados we have Advice of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act at that Iſland, but the Inhabitants did not ſhew the leaſt Sign of Rejoicing there on that glorious Occaſion.

We have Advice from Pittſburgh, of the Sixteenth of May, that all was well there; and that about 20 Indians had gone down in a Parcel of Craft to Fort Charters, with Proviſions for the King's Troops.

We are informed from good Authority, that the Inhabitants of Baltimore Town and County, in Maryland, had raiſed by Subſcription, Four Hundred Pounds in three Days, and doubted not but that they ſhould collect a ſufficient Sum in a ſhort Time, towards purchaſing a genteel Statue to be erected in Baltimore Town, in Honour of the glorious, and truely patriotic WILLIAM PITT, Eſq; as an Acknowledgement for the innumerable Services (not only) done to this Province, and Continent, but to the Lovers of Liberty in general.

Saturday laſt, the Honourable JOHN PENN, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of this Province, was married to Miſs ANNE ALLEN, Daughter of the Honourable William Allen, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of this Province.

June 19. On Monday Evening we had a very heavy Thunder-guſt here, attended with ſharp Lightning, which ſtruck a Houſe in Second-ſtreet, in a very particular Manner. It appears to have firſt ſtruck a Chimney at the Back Part of the Houſe, and thence proceeding along the Barge Board to the Front Part, it entered another Chimney, and deſcended to the Garret, where a Curtain Rod ſtood upright againſt the Funnel; it broke through the Wall, and was conducted by the Rod to the Floor, and croſſed to the Front Wall, where it deſcended to the ſecond Story, and darted in an oblique Direction to a Nail, Part of which it melted; it then went through the Floor in an angular Manner, and down the Wall to a Looking-glaſs in the firſt Story, melting the Quickſilver at the Bottom of the Glaſs, and breaking the ſame; it then darted to a Table under the Glaſs, making a Hole through it, and left ſeveral evident Marks of burning as it paſſed thro' the Floor to the Front Door, which it ſhivered in its Paſſage, and then proceeded into the Cellar, where there were no further Marks of it to be ſeen.—It is remarkable, that in its Paſſage, it took its various Directions, according as any Metal was near to conduct it.—There were ſeveral Perſons in the Houſe at the Time, but happily none of them received any Hurt.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated April 8, 1766.

" Before this arrives, the Repeal of the Stamp-Act will be known in America, and I hope we ſhall receive from your Province at leaſt no unfavourable Reports of your Behaviour on this Occaſion.

" The Adminiſtration, who have ſo ſteadily countenanced the Repeal, had the heavieſt Oppoſition in every Step that ever an Adminiſtration had to contend with; to ſupport them againſt which, there were at firſt only three or four, connected with North-America, that appeared; a Committee of *Merchants* were called, regular Meetings eſtabliſhed, and proper Perſons deputed to wait upon thoſe in Power, and attend Parliament; circular Letters were ſent to the trading Towns, to requeſt the Concurrence of thoſe who were affected by the Act and Regulations in Queſtion; and every Step taken that the Neceſſity of their Affairs, or Prudence could ſuggeſt.

" It may be ſufficient to ſay, that this Sub-Committee were indefatigable---They gave the Miniſtry ſuch clear and undiſguiſed Accounts of the Situation of Affairs, that tho' at firſt they ſeemed at the beſt inclined to a Suſpenſion, yet they came totally into the Idea of a Repeal.

" The Parliament met ſtrongly prejudiced againſt you. I need not recount the Cauſes, which were worked up by inflammatory Writers to an extreme Degree. Judge what an arduous Taſk the Miniſtry had to engage in, what a ſlender Support they had Reaſon to expect from a few Individuals, who were in a great Meaſure unknown to them.

" But when the Evidence they had to produce was laid before the Lower Houſe; when the Conſequence of America to this Country began to be explained, the Effects of a Miſunderſtanding aſcertained by unqueſtionable Facts; when the Chicanery of thoſe who had promoted the late Meaſures appeared controvertible, Numbers daily altered their Opinion; and if ever a Parliament was ſwayed by reaſon ſolely, this moſt certainly has the Credit of it; the preſent Adm———n now in Power, moſtly unknown to the People, treated with Contumely by the Oppoſition, who valued themſelves upon their Influence and Superiority.

" But it ſeems to me that Divine Providence immediately blaſted their Pride, devoted them to the humiliating Situation they now occupy, and moſt graciouſly interpoſed, to ſave us from the Brink of Ruin, from inteſtine Quarrels, from the Contempt of all Europe, by giving that Firmneſs and Unanimity amongſt thoſe in Power, that has once more eſtabliſhed Harmony amongſt us.

" I think the preſent Adm———n are likely to continue, much to their own Honour, and the Benefit of this Country; they are Men of Abilities, Application and Integrity, deſcended from, and connected with, the ancient firm Friends to the preſent Royal Family, moderate in Principle, and firm to civil and religious Liberty. As ſuch, they claim my cordial Wiſhes, and I hope that every Friend to ſuch Principles will contribute to ſupport them.

" A public Demonſtration of the Allegiance and Affection of the Americans to their Sovereign, will reflect ſome Credit to thoſe who have adviſed to ſuch prudent Meaſures, and this, I think, is your reaſonable Duty."

Extract of a Letter from London, to a Gentleman in Philadelphia, dated April 12, 1766.

" Our Friends here are in Pain, leſt the Condeſcenſion of Parliament, in repealing the Stamp-Act, will encourage the Americans to farther Exceſſes; and our Enemies, who have predicted it, hope to ſee their Prophecies fulfilled, that they may diſgrace the preſent Miniſtry; but I hope we ſhall behave prudently, and diſappoint them, which will eſtabliſh the Miniſtry, and *thereby effectually ſecure* the American Intereſt in Parliament. Indeed I wiſh this Miniſtry well, for their own Sakes, as well as ours, as they appear to me to be really honeſt worthy Men, with the beſt Intentions; by no Means deficient in Abilities, very attentive to Buſineſs, and of Courſe daily improving in their Acquaintance with it.

June 26. Since our laſt, Captain Appowen arrived here from Cadiz and Madera, but laſt from Tercera; by whom we have Advice, that ſeven large Swediſh Ships were taken into the Spaniſh Service, at Cadiz, as Tranſports, and more (daily expected to arrive) were to be engaged; that each of them were to carry 400 Troops by Contract; that it was ſaid about 14 or 15,000 Troops were to be embarked, deſtined for America, in order to quell the Diſturbances in the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies, and that they were to be convoyed by a Fleet of Men of War, with a great Quantity of Naval and Military Stores of all Sorts on board. He alſo informs, that a

Schooner belonging to Boston, homeward bound from Lisbon sprung a Leak on her Passage, which increased so fast, that the Captain and Crew were obliged to take to their Boat, who were afterwards taken up by a Swedish Ship, and carried to Tercera, from whence they went to Lisbon, in order to get a Passage Home.

From Northampton County we have Advice, that on Monday Evening, the 16th Instant, a Barn of one Mr. Ralston, was set on Fire by Lightning, and burnt down, with a Quantity of Wheat in it; that Mr. Joseph Perry was struck dead by the Lightning in the Barn; and that it was with great Difficulty another Barn, near it, was preserved.

And on Wednesday, the 18th, we had several Thunder-Gusts, which continued the best Part of the Afternoon; and in the Evening a very smart Flash of Lightning struck the Roof of a Coach-House, in Fourth-street, and ran down the Shingling, making a Hole in the Roof, and shattered the Doors of the House.—A young Man, standing at a Door in Chesnut-street, was struck down by it, and lay speechless for about Half an Hour, but by Bleeding, &c. came to again; though very full of Pain, with a Numbness all over him for a considerable Time; he is now pretty well recovered.

July 3. On Tuesday Morning last, died suddenly, at his House in Market-street, in the 74th Year of his Age, PETER FRANKLIN, Esq; Deputy-Postmaster of this City, only Brother to BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Esq. He was an affectionate Husband, a kind Master, a generous Benefactor, and a sincere Friend. His Funeral was Yesterday attended by a great Number of the Inhabitants of the Town.

Thursday last, Captain Stevenson arrived here from Barcelona, but last from Gibraltar, in nine Weeks, and informs us, that the Communication with the Spaniards was opened while he lay there; the Spanish Governor having been recalled, a new one was appointed, who, on his Arrival, had a Conference with General Irwin, when every Thing was settled to the Satisfaction of both Parties, and the Garrison was supplied with Necessaries by the Spaniards as formerly. That a great Number of Men had been employed in repairing the Fortifications, and clearing the Streets, of the Stones and Dirt brought down by the late Inundation, which were nearly compleated before he sailed. That the Garrison was reinforced with 500 Men, lately arrived from England, besides a great Number of Artificers:—That a Store-ship from England, bound for Pensacola, under the Command of a Lieutenant of a Man of War, had been taken by a Saletine, of 30 Guns, and carried into Tangier, but was released again, and arrived at Gibraltar, from whence she proceeded on her Voyage; and it was said the Captain of the Salentine had his Head struck off for taking her.—That a King's Cutter had arrived Express from Falmouth, with Dispatches for the Commodore, the Purport of them not known, though it was thought they contained Instructions for settling Affairs with the new Dey of Algiers——That there had been great Commotions at Madrid, on Account of the Oppression of the King's Italian Ministers, but that all was quiet again, his Majesty having agreed to several Articles demanded of him by the Populace; among others, that he should employ no foreign Ministers; that he should levy no other Taxes than those established when he came to the Throne; and that he should appear once a Week to hear and redress the Grievances of his Subjects.

BURLINGTON, *(in New-Jersey) May* 29.

On Saturday last, on Account of the glorious News of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, an elegant Entertainment was prepared in this City, at which his Excellency the Governor, and the principal Inhabitants of the Place, were present; when the following Toasts were drank, viz.

The KING. *The* QUEEN, *and* ROYAL FAMILY. *The Parliament of Great-Britain. The present worthy Ministry. The Governor and Province. The glorious Mr. Pitt. Lord Camden. The Marquis of Rockingham. General Conway. Lord Dartmouth. General Howard. Colonel Barre. Doctor Franklin. Trecothic and Hanbury. Friends to America, on this and the other Side of the Atlantic. May the Stamp-Act be buried in Oblivion. Increase to the Manufactures of Britain, and Prosperity to the Agriculture of America.*

The City was handsomely illuminated; Bonfires were lighted; and other Demonstrations of Joy shewn; and every Thing conducted with the greatest Order and Decorum.

NEW-YORK, June 5.

Captain Seymour, in four Weeks from Antigua, informs us, that Captain Cummings, in the Tamer Frigate, was arrived at that Island, [*See No.* 25.] having been 22 Months on a Discovery round the World, in Company with the Honourable————Byron, in another of his Majesty's Ships; they went through the Streights of Magallen, and took Possession of several good Harbours there, where they also found some French Vessels on the like Errand; Mr. Byron, it is said, has made several useful Discoveries, which will vastly benefit the Mother-Country: In their Return they took their Departure from Batavia, in the East-Indies, but Captain Cummings having the Misfortune of springing his Mast, 90 Leagues to the Eastward of Antigua, was obliged to bear away for that Island.

Saturday Night last arrived here the Lord Hyde Packet, Captain Goddard, in six Weeks and two Days from Falmouth; and by several Letters from London, we learn, that the Duty on Molasses was actually fixed at One Penny Sterling per Gallon; and it was thought Sugar would be reduced to Two Shillings and Six-pence per Hundred.

Extract of a Letter from Burlington, in New-Jersey, dated May 27, 1766.

"A certain George Darley, of this City, on Friday the 23d of this Instant, went to Bed well, and never awoke till Tuesday the 27th, so he slept 4 Nights and 3 Days, and awoke in a perfect State of Health, and said he was neither hungry nor thirsty."

June 12. We have the Pleasure to assure the Publick, that Mr. Nicholas Ray, of London, has given one hundred Pounds to the Society for Encouragement of Arts, Agriculture, &c. of this City and Province.———Such Benefactions promise Stability to our infant Undertaking.

Extract of a Letter from Detroit, April 30, 1766.

"The Communication has been so long shut up here on all Sides, that we have had very little News from any, indeed, the most interesting are among ourselves; three young Poutewatamis of St. Joseph, one of which is a Chief's Son, came here in the Month of February last, and killed and scalped two of the Soldiers belonging to this Garrison, who were on Command at the River Rouge, about a League below the Fort: The same Night Colonel Campbell sent out Captain Morris, and sundry other Officers, with about 100 Men in Quest of the Murderers; who, notwithstanding their ranging the Woods several Days, returned without making any certain Discoveries of the Enemy; a few Days afterwards we were informed of the Murderers, by some Indians belonging to the other Nations; and Trade was immediately prohibited with the Poutewatamis, in Consequence of which, several of their principal Men came to this Settlement, and by Means of one of the Inhabitants desired to be admitted to speak with the Commandant, who sent them for Answer, *That they should neither have that, nor the Privilege of Trade, before they delivered up the Murderers*; soon afterwards he was informed, that there was another Party of them come and encamped near the River Rouge, and sent out Lieutenant Stewart, with about 40 Men to endeavour to surprise them in the Night; he took Prisoners, two Men and one Woman belonging to the Poutewatamis of this Place, (who are of the same Nation, but a different Tribe) but the Band belonging to St. Joseph, who were encamped a little higher, had an advanced Centinel, who discovered the Party, and alarmed them, by which Means they made their Escape; the Prisoners say the principal Murderers were with this Party; it is said there is a large Party of them sculking about here at present: These Rascals served us just such a Trick last Year, and they will do so next, if they are not punished for this; not only they, but all the different Nations round us, being so tamely acquitted for the inhuman Barbarities they committed in the Year 1763, &c. talk now of killing an Englishman as they would of killing a Deer, and would take away the Life of the former, with less Deliberation than that of the latter; be assured that they are all much disaffected, and talk very ill, not in our Hearing, but amongst the French, who find themselves sufficiently interested, to communicate to us whatever Discoveries they make of their bad Designs.

June 19. On Sunday last, arrived a Transport from Pensacola, with Troops.——They bring Advice, that the Spanish Governor (accompanied with a Priest) was arrived at New-Orleans, in order to take Possession of that Place.—The Spanish Soldiers were not arrived, but soon expected, till when, the French Garrison were to remain and do Duty. It was proposed to several of them to enlist in the Spanish Service, but they generally refused with Disdain. Vessels were provided for such of the Inhabitants as chose to embark for France, which when they were preparing to do, the Priest urged their complying with the Spanish Custom, of confessing before their Departure: The French insisted on their Right of Choice, either to confess or not, according to the Custom of France; on which an Uproar and great Confusion ensued. But as they were not suffered to depart without Confession, at Length the greatest Part complied rather than be detained; but were highly exasperated at the Compulsion, declaring they had rather live under the Turkish than the Spanish Government.

June 23. The two Soldiers killed at Detroit, sometime in March last, was done in Return for the two Indians killed near that Place long before by the Soldiers; a Consequence Sir William Johnson foretold and expected, but not able to prevent, it being a Revenge natural to the Indians.

June 30. St. JOHN Baptist's Day, which was last Tuesday, the 24th June, was highly commemorated at Albany by the Worshipful Fraternity of FREE and ACCEPTED MASONS. Sir William Johnson came down on Purpose, from his Seat at Johnson-Hall, and honoured their Procession to Church, where their Brother the Rev. Parson Brown, entertained them with great Spirit on the Doctrine of BROTHERLY LOVE and UNITY: 1 Pet. II, Part of Verses 1, 5, 16, and 17, *Wherefore laying aside all Malice, and all Guile, and Hypocrisies, and Envies, and all evil Speakings;—be ye as* LIVING STONES, *built upon a spiritual* HOUSE;—FREE, *but not using your* LIBERTY *as a Cloak of Maliciousness. Love the Brotherhood;—fear GOD, honour the King.* The whole, of near Eighty, made a very genteel Appearance, being all properly habited; and spent the Remainder of the Day at Mr. Cartwright's Tavern, with that Propriety peculiar to the Brotherhood.

Monday last three Men crossing at Schenectady River, in the Thunder Storm we had here, two of them were struck dead by the Lightning, the third rendered senseless some considerable Time, and the Canoe had several Holes made thro' her, besides being split, by Means of the Shock.—A few Days before, in the other heavy Thunder-Gust we had, a Barn and two Barracks were struck by Lightning, at the Fish-Kill Landing, and reduced to Ashes.

Extract of a Letter from Fort Pitt, dated May 4, 1766.

"A few Days ago, two Villains, Irish Servant-Men, ran off from this Post, and went down the River. On their Way, when they were almost starving for Provisions, they met a Canoe of Shawanese Indians, who took Compassion on the two Fellows, and received them into their Canoe: But the Rascals at Night, when the Indians were asleep, got up, and cruelly murdered two Men, and three Women of them, in Return for their Kindness. We doubt not they will be apprehended, and meet with their Deserts."

To John Cruger, Philip Livingston, Leonard Lispenard, *and* William Byard, *Esquires, Representatives in the* General Assembly, *of the Freemen and Freeholders of the City of* New-York.

WE, the Freemen and Freeholders of the City of New-York, assembled at the Coffee-House, the 23d Day of June, 1766, impressed with the deepest Sense of Gratitude to all the Friends of Liberty and America, who exerted themselves in promoting the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, think it our indispensible Duty to endeavour, by erecting a proper Monument, to perpetuate the Memory of so glorious an Event to the latest Posterity.

Many were our Friends on this truely important Occasion, and we render them, from the Bottom of our Hearts, the Thanks justly due to their very eminent Services.——They are too numerous to admit of having that particular Respect paid to each, which they deserve, and we are so ready to bestow.—But, in Honour to them all, we purpose to single out of the many, who stood foremost in Support of American Freedom; without whose timely Interposition, the utmost Efforts of all our other worthy Advocates, might probably have proved fruitless and ineffectual.

We therefore earnestly entreat of, and strenuously recommend to, you Gentlemen our Representatives, that you will move in the House of Assembly, now sitting, for a Vote of the Honourable House, to make Provision for an elegant Statue of Brass of the Right Hon. WILLIAM PITT Esq; whom we regard in the sacred Light of having a second Time been the Preserver of his Country.

Such a high Sense have we of the Integrity and Ability of that great Patriot, that we would not have applied to the Honourable House in this Manner, did we not think the Honour greater, if conferred by the Representatives of the People, than in any other Way.

For the same Reason, we also desire that you will transmit the Thanks of the House to all those illustrious Personages, both in and out of Parliament, who appeared in Favour of the Colonies.

GENTLEMEN,

A great Number of your Constituents having thought proper to appoint us a Committee to wait on you, with these their Instructions; they have no Doubt but that you will chearfully use your best Endeavours to effect that which not they, but, (as they conceive) the Inhabitants of the Colony in general, most ardently wish to see accomplished.

Signed by Order, and at the Request of a considerable Number of respectable Inhabitants of the City of New-York, *assembled as above.*

JAMES DE LANCEY,
WILLIAM WALTON, jun.
JOHN THURMAN, jun.
ISAAC LOW,
HENRY WHITE,
JOHN HARRIS CRUGER.

July 7. *We hear from Sussex County, and Province of New-Jersey, that a Cow belonging to John Boleslo of that Place, lately died, and was found to have in her four Calves, full shaped, and Hair on each.*

And from Piscataqua, in the same Province, we learn, that a Ewe belonging to a Farmer there, lately lamb'd five Lambs, that three of the Number was still alive, and two dead.

Last Thursday Night, and Friday Morning, we had here the greatest Fall of Rain known for Fifty Years past; the Consequences of which we have Reason to dread, on Account of the Hay and Wheat Harvest.

July 9. In the Hind Sloop is arrived Major James of the Royal Regiment of Artillery.

A Vessel from Halifax brings Advice, that Governor Wilmot, of Nova-Scotia, is dead.

HARTFORD, *(in Connecticut)* May 26.

Last Monday Evening, the long expected joyful News of the total REPEAL of the STAMP-ACT arrived in Town: Upon which happy Event, the General Assembly of this Colony, now sitting here, appointed the Friday following, as a Day of general Rejoicing. The Morning was ushered in by the Ringing of Bells,—the Shipping in the River displayed their Colours,—at Twelve o'Clock 21 Cannon were discharged, and the greatest Preparations making for a general Illumination. Joy smiled in every Face; and universal Gladness diffused itself through all Ranks and Degrees.——But sudden was the Transition from the Heighth of Joy, to extreme Sorrow! A Number of young Gentlemen were preparing Fire-Works for the Evening, in the Chamber of the large Brick School-House; under which a Quantity of Powder, granted by the Assembly for the Purposes of the Day, was deposited. Two Companies of Militia had just received a Pound a Man, by the Delivery of which, a Train was scattered from the Powder-Cask to the Distance of three Rods from the House, where a Number of Boys were collected, who undesignedly, and unnoticed, set Fire to the scattered Powder, which was soon communicated to that within Doors, and in an Instant reduced the Building to a Heap of Rubbish, and killed and wounded almost all that were in the House.

The same Day, on the same Occasion, an Accident of the like Kind happened at Seabrook, where by the bursting of a Cannon, a Man had Part of his Skull torn away, and was killed upon the Spot. The Week before, three Men being together at a House in Suffield, were all killed by Lightning.

NEWPORT, (in Rhode-Island) June 2.

Last Tuesday was appointed by the Sons of Liberty, for our Public Rejoicings in this Town, on the glorious News of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

The Populace were so impatient that, before One o'Clock in the Morning, all the Bells in the Town were set a ringing, Drums were beat, Music played, and Guns were discharged. At Sun-rise a Signal Gun was fired, and the Flag hoisted, at Fort-George; immediately Ensigns were displayed upon the Tree of Liberty—at the Bottom of the Parade—upon the Tops of Houses—on the Shipping in the Harbour—and at the Batteries at the South and North End of the Town.—From the front Steps of the Court-House was exhibited a beautiful Piece of Painting, eight Feet wide, and fourteen Feet high, consisting of four Compartments. In the lower Compartment, to shew the Advantages which Liberty gives to Commerce, was drawn a fine Prospect of the Harbour of Newport, with the Ships Pitt, Conway, Grafton, &c. entering it deeply laden, and with Colours flying.——In the second Compartment, stood the Goddess of Liberty, surrounded by the Right Hon. Mr. Secretary Conway, the Marquis of Rockingham, Lord Cornwallis, Lord Paulet, Lord Shelburne, Lord Torrington, General Howard, and Colonel Barre.——In the Center of the third, his Majesty, in his Royal Robes, sat enthroned, and, with a most graceful Aspect, pointed to a Scroll, which fell from the Table on which his Right Arm rested; on which Scroll was inscribed, in Capitals, "Stamp-Act Repealed, 1766, G. R." At his Majesty's Right Hand, with one Hand on his Breast, his Thoughts distended with the Patriot Virtues, and with the other holding forth Magna Charta, stood the firm, determined Friend of Constitutional Liberty, the immortal Pitt.—At the Left Hand of his Majesty, holding in his Right Hand the Bill of Rights, stood the British Aristides, the patriotic, upright Cambden.—A beautiful Landskip, charged with vegetable Productions, representing the Blessings which Liberty bestows on Agriculture, and rural Life, filled the upper triangular Compartment, and finished the Piece.——This Exhibition was in Testimony of Loyalty and Gratitude to the King's Most Excellent Majesty;—in Gratitude and Honour to the glorious Majorities in both Houses of Parliament;—and particularly in Honour and Gratitude to the illustrious Five—and the other patriotic Worthies, who stood forth, strenuously exerted, and nobly distinguished themselves in the glorious Cause of American Liberty.

At Twelve o'Clock, Fort George fired a Royal Salute, which was returned from the South and North Batteries.—At Three o'Clock, his Honour the Governor, attended by the Committee of the Sons of Liberty, the Civil Officers of the Government, and Gentlemen of the Town, was escorted

by the Officers of the Militia, with Colours flying, and Drums beating, in grand Proceſſion, to the Court-Houſe, where a Number of loyal and patriotick Toaſts were drank.

At every Toaſt the Trumpet ſounded an Air, and five Cannon were diſcharged; and Joy and Gratitude ſparkled in every Face, while the Glaſs circulated in Honour of his Majeſty, the Britiſh Worthies, and all the true Friends of Great-Britain and her Colonies.——In the Evening, the Court-Houſe, the Paintings, and the Town, were moſt beautifully illuminated. The curiouſly and regularly diſpoſed Lights, in many of the Buildings, equalling in Number the Majorities in both Houſes of Parliament, and the grand, wide-ſpreading Tree of Liberty, hung full of Glaſs Lanthorns,—made a moſt brilliant, magnificent Appearance.—The Flight of a Rocket from the Bottom of the Parade, gave the Signal to the Stage erected on the Hill; upon which, nine Cannon, planted near the Stage, were diſcharged, and Rockets, and other Fire-Works, began to be played off there, and from different Parts of the Town.—The continual Flight of the Rockets, which ſhed a thouſand glittering Stars, made the ſpangled Arch glow with new Beauties till Midnight, when Wheels and Fountains cloſed the moſt grand and moſt beautiful Scene, that ever was exhibited in this Colony.

June 16. *Copy of a Letter from Colonel* Iſaac Barre, *to Governor Ward, dated London, March* 8, 1766.

SIR,

"*I acknowledge the Honour of receiving from Mr. Sherwood, your Letter, dated Newport, November* 19*th, with the Reſolution of the General Aſſembly of the Colony of Rhode-Iſland, incloſed.*

It is exceedingly flattering to me, to find that my Conduct has been agreeable to that reſpectable Body, and I muſt beg of you, Sir, to aſſure them, that I am highly ſenſible of the Honour they have done me by this publick Mark of their Approbation.

The extending of our Commerce upon broad and ſound Principles, the binding the Hearts of our American Coloniſts to the Mother-Country by the Generoſity and Juſtice of our Government, have been, and ſhall continue to be, the Motives of my Conduct.

I am extremely obliged to you, Sir, for the polite Manner in which you have communicated to me, the Sentiments of your loyal, ancient, and induſtrious Colony; and am with great Eſteem, Sir, Your moſt obedient and moſt humble Servant. ISAAC BARRE."

[For Boſton and Quebec Intelligence, ſee the laſt Page.]

CHARLES-TOWN, July 29.

SINCE our laſt, the Captains Eaſtwick and Johnſon, arrived from Philadelphia.

On Thurſday laſt, his Majeſty's Sloops Tryal, Capt. Wallace, and Speedwell, Capt. Fenſhawe, ſailed for England. And,

The next Day, his Majeſty's Sloop Sardine, commanded by Capt. Hawker, arrived here from Philadelphia; and we hear, ſhe is to be a Station Ship for this Place.

Captain John Harriſon, in a Schooner, is ſafe arrived at Beaufort, Port-Royal, from New-York.

July	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	From
22d.	Sloop Sally, John Schermerhorn,	New-York
	Schooner Good-Intent, Wm. Smart,	George-Town
	Schooner Suſannah, William Hogg,	ditto
24th.	Sloop Succeſs, John Sawyer,	St. Chriſtophers
	Sloop Sparrow, John Barrell,	Virginia
	Sloop Stafford, Joſeph Nelmes,	St. Chriſtophers
25th.	Brig Philadelphia Packet, Fran. Johnſon,	Philadelphia
26th.	Brig Charles-Town Packet, Thomas Eaſtwick,	ditto
	Sloop Charles-Town, Joſeph Adams,	Little River
28th.	Sloop Polly, Samuel Lightbourn,	St. Chriſtophers
	Schooner Sally, Iſaac Towers,	North-Carolina

July	ENTRIES OUTWARDS.	For
28th.	Schooner Jonathan, Jarvis Williams,	Georgia

July	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	For
24th.	Snow Amelia, William Rowand,	Barbados
25th.	Schooner Benjamin, Thomas Tucker,	Cape-Fear
	Schooner Good-Intent, Wm. Smart,	George-Town
26th.	Ship Neptune, Philip Seward,	Barbados
	Schooner Two-Brothers, John Young,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop Charles-Town, Joſeph Adams,	Little River
28th.	Ship Bermuda Packet, William Trulock,	London
	Sloop Eliſabeth, James Gilcriſt,	Barbados

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Juſt imported in Captains Maſon, Eaſtwick, *and* Johnſon, *from* Philadelphia;

SHIP, Water, Milk, and Butter Bread, Flour in half and whole Barrels, Loaf Sugar, and Indian Corn, to be ſold by

JOHN McCALL.

INDIAN CORN,

JUST imported in the Prince of Wales, Captain Maſon, from Philadelphia, to be ſold at a Store of Col. Beale's, adjoining Mr. Inglis's Wharf, by

WILLIAM HOPTON.

Juſt imported in the Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, *Captain* Johnſon, *from* Philadelphia, *and to be ſold by*

JOHN ROFFE,

At his Store oppoſite to CROUCH's *Printing-Office, in* Elliott-Street;

PHiladelphia Flour, Ship Bread, Bar Iron, a Variety of Earthen Ware, among which are Milk Pans, Baking Pans, and Jars for Pickles of all Sizes.

He has alſo for Sale, the beſt white Wine Vinegar, fit for Pickles. July 25, 1766.

BENFIELD & JONES,

At their Store in *Tradd-Street*,

HAVE juſt imported in the Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, *Captain* Johnſon, *from* Philadelphia;

MIddling Flour, Ship, Water, Milk and Butter Bread. Which, with a general Aſſortment of GOODS, uſually imported into this Province, they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms.

N. B. They have to diſpoſe of the Indentures of eight Dutch SERVANTS, among which are a Shoe-Maker, Butcher, and Baker.

*** They have a Quantity of SILKS, which they will ſell at Eight for One.

For PHILADELPHIA,

(To ſail on Monday next)

The Brigt. PHILADELPHIA PACKET, FRANCIS JOHNSON, Maſter.

HAVING good Accommodations for Paſſengers: For Freight or Paſſage, treat with ſaid Maſter on board, or with

July 18, 1766. SHEED & WHITE.

EXceeding good white plains, and green and blue frize, imported in the ſpring, fine white Port Wine in quarter caſks, beſt F gun-powder, Iriſh linens, &c. &c. to be ſold on eaſy terms, by

PRICE, HEST, & HEAD.

EXceeding fine BOHEA TEA, to be ſold by the half Dozen Pounds at *Thirty Shillings*, and by the Dozen at *Twenty-ſeven Shillings and Six Pence* per Pound, alſo a Quantity of Seine Twine, an Aſſortment of Combs, a Parcel of Hard Ware, and a few Pair of Womens Stays, at a lower Rate than can be imported.——Enquire at Meſſrs. Vanderhorſt & Simons, Merchants, on the Bay, the Corner of Elliott-ſtreet. *July* 18, 1766.

SOUTH-CAROLINA,

GEORGE MACKENZIE intending to depart this Province in a very ſhort Time, gives this publick Notice, that he is ready to anſwer, appear, or give Bail, as the Caſe may require, to any Suit or Summons, that may be iſſued or brought againſt him. *July* 18, 1766.

Juſt imported in the Sloop Sally, John Schermerhorn, *Maſter, from* New-York, *and to be ſold by the ſaid Maſter, at a Store on* Simmons's *Wharf*;

CHOICE Eſopus Flour in whole and half Barrels—Ship Bread—Milk and Water Biſket—— Loaf Sugar.—Caſes of Geneva, &c. &c.

N. B. The ſaid Sloop will ſail for New-York in ten Days from the Date hereof. For Freight or Paſſage apply to *July* 18, 1766. JOHN SCHERMERHORN.

TO BE SOLD BY

JOSEPH HUTCHINS,

A Quantity of INDIAN CORN, juſt imported from Philadelphia.

The ſaid Joſeph Hutchins acquaints all Perſons whatſoever, that he is not, nor never was, by his Conſent, in Co-partnerſhip with Alexander Walker, as hath been reported, by Reaſon of ſome Hands-Bills, ſaid to have been printed by Mr. ROBERT WELLS, and put up in ſome Part of this Province, by Alexander Walker, which was done againſt the Inclination of Joſeph Hutchins; the Date of the ſaid Hand-Bills he doth not know, but ſaid Hutchins deſires all Perſons whatſoever, not to credit Alexander Walker in his Name, as the ſaid Alexander Walker is not, or never will be, in Co-partnerſhip with Joſeph Hutchins.

JAMES COURTONNE, JEWELLER,

HATH imported in the Richmond, Captain Hamilton, from London, and to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at his Shop in Broad-ſtreet;

A Compleat aſſortment of jewellery and ſterling plate, amongſt which is a quantity of ſilver, pinchbeck and ſtone ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, garnets, necklaces, ear-rings, finger rings of diamond, and falſe ſtones of all ſizes, breaſt buckles, ſmelling bottles, tooth-picker caſes, ſilver mounted ſwords, couteaux, belts for ditto, with ſilver furniture. He deſires all perſons indebted to him to diſcharge the ſame, particularly thoſe whoſe accounts have been due theſe twelve months paſt.

WANTED on Hire,

TWO or three Negro Carpenters, for two or three Months. Any Perſons having ſuch, may hear further, by applying to the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD at Auction, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 7*th Day of Auguſt next, at twelve o'Clock*;

A LOT of Land, in Charleſtown, on the Weſt-ſide of Meeting-ſtreet, between the Lands of Mr. Henry Peronneau, and Mrs. Elizabeth Elliott, containing in Front on the ſaid Street 40 Feet, and in Depth from Eaſt to Weſt, 200 Feet, or thereabouts.——A Plot of the ſaid Land may be ſeen in the Hands of

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

WHEREAS I have advertiſed ſundry Times in the publick Gazette, for all thoſe who had Silks or Clothes dyed or ſcoured by Dallas and Douglaſs, to take away the ſame; theſe are therefore to give Notice, that the ſaid Silks and Clothes, will be ſold at public Vendue on Thurſday the 14th of Auguſt, to pay the Charges that is on them, unleſs taken away before that Time.

JOHN KESSON.

Who deſires all Perſons indebted to himſelf, or the ſaid Dallas and Douglaſs, to diſcharge the ſame immediately, as their Affairs muſt be ſettled without Delay.

N. B. I have kept the Silks and Clothes above a Year.

STRAYED from the Quarter-houſe, a bay Gelding, about five Years old: Branded on the mounting Buttock H. Whoever delivers him to John Creighton, at the Quarter-houſe, or to me at Ponpon, ſhall receive Forty Shillings Reward. MORDICA MYERS.

WILLIAM Loocock, and David Fulton, Eſq; having adminiſtered upon the Eſtate of the late Cydonious Snoke, Practioner of Phyſick at Black-Mingo; requeſts all Perſons who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, to bring in their Accounts properly atteſted; and thoſe who are indebted thereto, to diſcharge the ſame immediately to William Loocock, of Charleſtown, or David Fulton, Eſq; at Black-Mingo, Adminiſtrators; on Failure thereof, may depend on being ſued immediately without Diſtinction.

RUN away, ſome Months ſince, from Mr. George Auſtin's Plantation at Pedee, the five following Negro Slaves, viz. PARIS, a likely ſtrong made Fellow, about 23 Years of Age, he is of the Guinea Country, but has none of their Marks upon him, is about five Feet eight Inches high, and rather yellow than black.——SIDO, a ſlim black Fellow, ſpeaks good Engliſh, about 5 Feet ten Inches high, is of the Sugah Country, has no other Marks than Weals of the Whip on his Belly.—MOOSA, a yellow Fellow, about five Feet ſix Inches high, pretty much pitted with the Small-Pox, ſtutters when he attempts to ſpeak, has been much whipped about the Belly, &c. does not ſpeak good Engliſh, is of the Fullah Country, and his Age about 33 Years.——TARRESMAN, a likely young Fellow, about 22 Years old, near five Feet ſeven Inches high, this Country born, and of a yellow Complexion.——CHLOE, a young Wench, about 14 Years of Age, of a yellow Complexion, Country born, and ſpeaks remarkably low. Whoever takes up either of theſe Negroes, and will deliver them to the Overſeer, at the above Plantation, or to the Warden of the Work-Houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive Ten Pounds Reward for each, from

JOSIAH SMITH, junior.

WHEREAS there was left in my Hands near nine Months paſt, a Suit of Cloaths.—This is therefore to give Notice to the Proprietor thereof, that if he does not come and take them away in three Weeks from the Date hereof, they will be ſold, by

July 18, 1766. HENRY TIMROD, Taylor.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE,

July 21, 1766. A likely middle ſized negro fellow, of the Mandingo country, who calls himſelf JACOB, but can't tell his maſter's name, has on white negro cloth jacket, with osnabrug trowſers, has a ſmall beard. Taken up in Dean's ſwamp, near Fore-Holes.

July 25. A new negro fellow, of the Bambara country, who calls himſelf JOHNNY, and ſays he belongs to Mr. Drayton; he is pitted in the face with the ſmall-pox, his country marks on his breaſt, has a beard; has on old white negro cloth jacket and breeches. Taken up at Mr. George Livingſton's plantation at Ponpon.

Charles-Town, July 1, 1766.

PURSUANT to the Directions of the Act for regulating the Aſſize of BREAD, I have enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that made in and imported from the Northern Colonies to be at *Five Pounds* per 100 *lb.* and that made in this Province at *Four Pounds* per 100 *lb.* at which Prices the Half Crown Loaves muſt weigh, when Flour is at *Five Pounds* per Hundred Weight;

White 2 lb. Wheaten 3 lb. Houſhold 4 lb.

At *Four Pounds* per Hundred Weight.

White 2 lb. 8 oz. Wheaten 3 lb. 12 oz. Houſhold 5 lb.

JACOB MOTTE, *Publick-Treaſurer.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

EDWARD GRAHAM, of the Province aforeſaid, who is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by Virtue of a Writ of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, at the Suit of *John Paul Grimke*, having petitioned their Honours the Chief Juſtice, and his Aſſociates, Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *John Paul Grimke*, and all others, to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual place of Judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 28, 1766.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

GEORGE STROTHER, of the Province aforeſaid, who is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by Virtue of a Writ of *Capias ad Reſpondendum*, at the Suit of *John Fiſher*, having petitioned their Honours the Chief Juſtice, and his Aſſociates, Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *John Fiſher*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 28, 1766.

STOLEN out of the Houſe of Mr. John Cardin, in King-ſtreet, a Silver Watch, with a China Dial Plate, Makers Name, THO. BARKER, No. 141.—Whoever delivers it to ſaid Carden, or to the Printer hereof, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward, and no Queſtions aſked. Its requeſted if ſaid Watch be offered for Sale, that it may be ſtopped.

CHARNOCK & KING,

WILL now ſell off any Part of their remaining Stock, at Nine for One. Credit to the firſt of January, 1767.

Among which are a few rich Silks, ſome fine Iriſh Linens, printed Gown Patterns, Callicoes, &c. &c.

** Advertiſements omitted this Week, will be in our next.

BOSTON, May 26.

FRIDAY Se'nnight, to the inexpreſſible Joy of all, we received by Captain Coffin, the important News of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, which was ſigned by his Majeſty the 18th March laſt, upon which the Bells in the Town were ſet a ringing, the Ships in the Harbour diſplayed their Colours. Guns were diſcharged in different Parts of the Town, and in the Evening were ſeveral Bonfires. According to a pervious Vote of the Town, the Select-men met in the Afternoon, at Faneuil-Hall, and appointed Monday laſt, for a Day of general Rejoicing on that happy Occaſion. The Morning was uſhered in with Muſick, Ringing of Bells, and the Diſcharge of Cannon, the Ships in the Harbour, and many of the Houſes in Town being adorned with Colours. Joy ſmiled in every Countenance, Benevolence, Gratitude, and Content ſeemed the Companions of all. By the Generoſity of ſome Gentlemen, remarkable for their Humanity and Patriotiſm, our Goal was freed of Debtors. At One o'Clock the Caſtle and Batteries, and Train of Artillery, fired a Royal Salute; and the Afternoon was ſpent in Mirth and Jollity. In the Evening the whole Town was beautifully illuminated;—On the Commons, the Sons of Liberty erected a magnificent Pyramid, illuminated with 280 Lamps, the four upper Stories of which were ornamented with the Figures of their Majeſties, and fourteen of the worthy Patriots who have diſtinguiſhed themſelves by their Love of Liberty. The following Lines were on the four Sides of the next Apartment, which referred to the emblematical Figures on the lower Story, the whole ſupported by a large Baſe of the Doric Order.

O thou whom next to Heav'n we moſt revere,
Fair Liberty! Thou lovely Goddeſs hear!
Have we not woo'd thee, won thee, held thee long,
Lain in the Lap, and melted on thy Tongue:
Through Death and Dangers rugged Paths purſu'd,
And led thee ſmiling to this SOLITUDE:
Hid thee within our Hearts moſt golden Cell,
And brav'd the Powers of Earth, and Powers of Hell.
Goddeſs! We cannot part, thou muſt not fly,
Be SLAVES: We dare to ſcorn it——dare to die.
While clanking Chains and Curſes ſhall ſalute,
Thine Ears remorſleſs G——le, thine O B——te;
To you bleſt PATRIOTS! we our Cauſe ſubmit,
Illuſtrious CAMBDEN, Britain's Guardian PITT;
Recede not, frown not, rather let us be
Depriv'd of Being, than of LIBERTY.
Let Fraud or Malice, blacken all our Crimes,
No Diſaffection ſtains theſe peaceful Climes;
O ſave us, ſhield us from impending Woes,
The Foes of Britain, only are our Foes.
Boaſt foul Oppreſſion, boaſt thy tranſient Reign,
While ſtonſit FREEDOM ſtruggles with her Chain;
But now the Sons of Virtue, hardy, brave,
Diſdain to loſe through mean Deſpair to ſave;
Arroun'd in Thunder, awful they appear,
With proud Deliverance ſtalking in their Rear;
While Tyrant Foes their pallid Fears betray,
Shrink from their Arms, and give their Vengeance way;
See in the unequal War OPPRESSORS fall,
The Hate, Contempt, and endleſs Curſe of all.
Our FAITH approved, our LIBERTY reſtor'd,
Our Hearts bend grateful to our Sov'reign Lord;
Hail darling Monarch! by this Act endear'd,
Our firm Affections are thy beſt Reward;
Shou'd Britains ſelf, againſt herſelf divide,
And hoſtile Armies frown on either Side;
Shou'd Hoſts rebellious, ſhake our Brunſwick's Throne,
And as they dar'd the Parent, dare the Son;
To this Aſylum, ſtretch thine happy Wing,
And we'll contend, who beſt ſhall love our KING.

——On the Top of the Pyramid was fixed a round Box of Fire-Works horizontally.——About One Hundred Yards from the Pyramid, the Sons of Liberty erected a Stage for the Exhibition of their Fire-Works, near the Work-houſe, in the lower Room of which they entertained the Gentlemen of the Town. John Hancock, Eſq; who gave a grand and elegant Entertainment to the genteel Part of the Town, and treated the Populace with a Pipe of Madera Wine, erected at the Front of his Houſe, which was magnificently illuminated, a Stage for the Exhibition of his Fire-Works, which were to anſwer to thoſe of the Sons of Liberty:—At Duſk the Scene opened by the Diſcharge of twelve Rockets from each Stage; after which the Figures on the Pyramid were uncovered, making a beautiful Appearance. To give a Deſcription of the great Variety of Fire-Works, exhibited from this Time till Eleven o'Clock would be endleſs—the Air was filled with Rockets—the Ground with Bee-hives and Serpents—and the two Stages with Wheels of Fire-Works of various Sorts. Mr. Otis, and ſome other Gentlemen, who lived near the Common kept open Houſe, the whole Evening, which was very pleaſant; the Multitudes of Gentlemen and Ladies, who were continually paſſing from one Place to another, added much to the Brilliancy of the Night: At Eleven o'Clock the Signal being given by a Diſcharge of twenty-one Rockets, the horrizontal Wheel, on the Top of the Pyramid or Obeliſk, was played off, ending in the Diſcharge of ſixteen Dozen of Serpents in the Air, which concluded the Shew. To the Honour of the Sons of Liberty, we can with Pleaſure inform the World, that every Thing was conducted with the utmoſt Decency and good Order, not a Reflection caſt on any Character, nor the leaſt Diſorder during the whole Scene. The Pyramid, which was deſigned to be placed under the Tree of Liberty, as a ſtanding Monument of this glorious Æra, by Accident took Fire about One o'Clock, and was conſumed.—— The Lamps by which it was illuminated not being extinguiſhed at the Cloſe of the Scene, it is ſuppoſed to have taken Fire by ſome of them.

On Tueſday Evening, ſome of the Sons of Liberty apprehending the Lanthorns hung on the Tree of Liberty, which the Night before amounted only to the ever memorable Number 45, would have made a more loyal and ſtriking Appearance if increaſed to the glorious Majority of 1768, met and procuring that Number, diſpoſed them on the Tree in a very agreeable pictureſque Manner. The Houſes next adjoining, and oppoſite, were decorated with Figures characteriſtic of thoſe to whom we bear the deepeſt Loyalty and Gratitude: Here, an imperfect Portrait of their Majeſties, our moſt gracious King and Queen—— there, the Royal Arms;—here the illuſtrious Cambden, Pitt, Conway, Barre, of late ſo conſpicuous in the Cauſe of Liberty, and their Country: In ſhort, Imagination muſt ſupply, their Variety exhibited on this Occaſion, which Words are wanting to expreſs.

The Honourable his Majeſty's Council, at a previous Invitation of the Governor, met at the Province-Houſe on Monday Afternoon, where his Majeſty's Health, and many other loyal Toaſts were drank; and in the Evening his Excellency with the Council, walked in the Common, to ſee the Fire-Works, Exhibitions, &c. who were well pleaſed with the Regularity the Inhabitants carried on their Demonſtrations of Loyalty and Joy on this happy Occaſion.

A Correſpondent informs us, that the well conducted Rejoicing on Monday laſt, were uſhered in very early in the Morning, with a Subſcription for liberating all the poor Priſoners in Goal for Debt, the Motion was readily agreed to by all the humane, on that joyful Day, the Money raiſed, and the Priſon cleared. The charitable Deed originated in a fair Boſton Nymph.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, dated March 28, 1766.

"A few Days before the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, I was in the Houſe of Lords, where I was entertained for eight Hours by Lord Bute, Mansfield, Cambden, Shelburn, Biſhops Warburton and Newton. Lord Cambden replied to Lord Mansfield, in a very nervous Stile; ſhewed wherein the Subject was oppreſſed, and what a Set of Creatures our Governors were, except Mr. Bernard, who were all appointing Methods to enforce the Act, and not one the Inconvenience of the Act;—that Mr. Bernard had done his Duty like an Officer of the Crown, and like a Friend to his Country, in pointing out the great Inconvenience of enforceing the Act; and ſummed up his Character in theſe Words, That this good, ſenſible, and great Man, of all the Governors on the Continent, had pointed out the Inconvenience of that Act; for his Part he ſhould ever reſpect him."——

We hear from Medford, that on receiving the joyful News of the Stamp-Act being repealed, laſt Friday Evening, the Dwelling-houſe, Summer-houſe, &c. of the Honourable Brigadier-General Royall, were very handſomely illuminated, a Number of Chambers were fired, Rockets diſcharged, and Fire-works diſplayed, with many other Demonſtrations of Joy. And the Military Company of Medford being that Day raiſed, they repaired in the Evening to the Brigadier's Houſe, and were generouſly entertained. We alſo hear that a Number of other Houſes in ſaid Town were illuminated, a large Bonfire made, and ſuch Expreſſions of Joy were ſhewn, as become a free and loyal People.

Charleſtown, May 19. This Day being ſet apart for publick Rejoicings, on Account of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, the Dawn was uſhered in with the Ringing of Bells, beſides a Diſplay of Colours on board the Shipping in the Harbour. At Noon the Independent Company belonging to Caſtle-William muſtered, and diſcharged the Cannon at the Battery; and in the Afternoon the ſame Company met at the Long-Wharf, where a Number of the principal Gentlemen of the Town aſſembled, and the following Toaſts were drank, viz.

The KING and Britiſh Parliament. Mr. PITT, and all our Friends in England, who have exerted themſelves in Favour of the Colonies. Peace and Harmony to this Government, and a wiſe Improvement of this happy Event. All the true Sons of Liberty on the Continent, who have wiſely and nobly diſtinguiſhed themſelves upon this very important Occaſion.

At every Toaſt ſeven Cannon were diſcharged, and in the Evening the Houſes in the Town were beautifully illuminated—in ſhort, the whole was conducted with the greateſt Decency, and every Countenance diſcovered the ſincereſt Joy upon the Re-eſtabliſhment of our happy Privileges.

Boſton, June 2. Friday Evening laſt, a Number of young Gentlemen of this Town gave an elegant Ball upon the happy Occaſion of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

Extract of a Letter from Duxborough, May 28.

"At Length the Affair, the great, the important Affair, big with the Fate of Britain and her Colonies is decided, the deſtable STAMP-ACT is repealed! Hail glorious Tidings, welcome, thrice welcome to our Shores.——The Day ſubſequent to the Reception of this intereſting News, every poſſible Demonſtration of Joy was exhibited; the Morning was uſhered in with the beating of Drums, diſcharging of Guns, &c. the Veſſels in the Harbour diſplayed their Colours, all Buſineſs was poſtponed, and Joy ſat ſmiling on every Countenance.—Towards the Cloſe of the Day, the Inhabitants of the Town, to the Number of about 500, aſſembled on a lofty Hill, on the very Spot where the gallant Standiſh routed the ſavage Foe, and ſaved from impending Ruin our pious Anceſtors. Here a large Bonfire was enkindled, and the execrable Object of our juſt Reſentment made *its* Exit in the curling Flames. The Air reſounded with an inceſſant Roar, from the Cannon of the Town, from the Vollies of Small-Arms, and the repeated Huzzas of the raptured Multitude. The Houſes in the Vicinity of the Hill were elegantly illuminated. As ſoon as the Fire was extinguiſhed, and the Aſhes of the Stamp-Act hurled into the infernal Regions, from whence it received its Origin, the Aſſembly repaired to a wide-ſpreading Apple-Tree (the firſt Tree of that Kind which was planted in New-England, and which has been remarkably preſerved in a flouriſhing State to this Time) where an handſome Entertainment was provided, and many loyal Healths drank, viz. Long Life to his Majeſty—A good Underſtanding to the Britiſh Parliament—Health and Proſperity to the immortal PITT—Succeſs to Trade—Increaſe of American Manufactures—and the gallant Sons of Liberty at Boſton, &c. &c.—The Fair Sex participated in the general Joy, an agreeable Smile elucidated every Countenance; Venus with all her Graces ſeemed to have bid adieu to her Seat at Idalia, and taken up her Reſidence on the Duxborean Shore. The principal Ladies of the Town convened at the Foot of the Hill, moſtly attired in the Manufactures of America, here a Collation of Tea was ſerved up, Scandal concealed its Head, Liberty was the ſole Topic of Converſation, here they paſſed the following patriotick Reſolves, viz.

1. That the moſt efficacious Method for Gentlemen to make Impreſſions on their Hearts—to procure their Favour, would be, to be zealous in the Cauſe of Liberty, to be aſſiduous in their Oppoſition to Tyranny.

II. That they would ſooner bid adieu to the Regions of Light—would ſooner ſpend their Days in a State of Virginity, than tie the connubial Knot with a Man whoſe daſtard Soul rendered him unworthy the glorious Title of a true Son of Liberty.

This being done, both Sexes repaired to their reſpective Places of Abode. The whole was conducted with the greateſt Decency and Decorum."

June 24. Laſt Saturday Afternoon, Captain Dunn came to Town from Cape-Anne, where he arrived in a fiſhing Schooner from the Iſle of Sables, and informs, that he was Paſſenger on board Captain Gwin, in a large Ship, between 4 and 500 Tons Burthen, richly laden, bound from Briſtol, to this Place, but that on the 24th of May, at Nine o'Clock at Night, in thick Weather, they unfortunately ran aſhore on the South-eaſt Part of that Iſland, about a Mile from the Bar, where they remained till the next Morning, when the Veſſel went to Pieces, and fourteen of the People unhappily periſhed; the others, twelve in Number, with great Difficulty got ſafe aſhore upon the Maſts, and other Parts of the Wreck: Captain Dunn remained on the Iſland eleven Days after this Diſaſter, during which Time but very little of the Cargo came aſhore; he thinks ſome of the Letters were taken up, which, with what other Things might be ſaved, Captain Gwin intended to bring with him in Captain Beal, who was there in a Schooner belonging to this Place.—— Among thoſe unhappy Perſons who were drowned by this melancholy Accident, was the Mate, Mr. Benjamin Blackman of this Town, Captain Cohoun, a Paſſenger, a Boy of Captain Dunn's, and a Nephew of Captain Gwin's, alſo a Woman, Wife of one of the Seamen. The Ship was about ſixty Yards from the Shore when ſhe went to Pieces.

Captain Dunn further informs, that a Schooner had been caſt away on that Iſland ſome Time before, and that the Bodies of two Men, ſuppoſed to have belonged to her, were found dead on the Beach, which by their Dreſs appeared to be Fiſhermen.

The Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives for this Province, laſt Week voted, that Letters of Thanks be ſent to the Right Honourable Mr. PITT, and to all thoſe illuſtrious Perſonages who exerted themſelves in both Houſes of Parliament, in obtaining the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

Extract of a Letter from Kingſton, in Jamaica, dated May 21, 1766.

"Captain John Dean arrived in 35 Days Paſſage from Boſton, in the Counteſs of Bute, to the Surpriſe of every one here; had he not been a Man well reſpected, and his Cargo much wanted, he would have found it difficult to have ſold here. One of his old Cuſtomers refuſed to take any of his Fiſh, except he had a Caſk that was Number 45. Captain Dean ſent for the Caſk, and he paid the Money for the ſame."——

QUEBEC, May 29.

On Friday towards Evening, arrived off Couder, a little below the Traverſe, the London, Captain Moore, from London. The Wind was fair, but blew rather too hard for a Canoe to venture off with Safety, with a Pilot from the Iſland eſpecially as the Ship lay at a conſiderable Diſtance, having brought too cloſe under the Shore of the oppoſite Cape. The Ship therefore was obliged to continue at Anchor, waiting for a Pilot. She had on board Paſſengers, Meſſrs. William M'Kenzie, George Fulton, Stephen Abbot, and Samuel Duncan, Merchants; and Mr. William Conyngham, Attorney at Law. Theſe Gentlemen, impatient to get to Quebec, to their Buſineſs and Friends, with two Seamen, left the Ship, and took to the Yawl, a ſtrong and large Boat, about ſix o'Clock; but the Wind encreaſing, and the Waves running high, and Mr. Conyngham, who was at the Helm, not keeping up the Head of the Boat to the Waves, ſhe was ſeen at Half an Hour after ſeven to broach to, and overſet, oppoſite the Parish of Sainte Famille, about a Mile above Cape Torment, and all that were in her periſhed. None of their Bodies have been yet found, but a Box of Papers, with ſome other Things, belonging to Mr. Conyngham, was taken up by an Inhabitant on the North Shore, and brought on Monday to the Governor.—This is one of the moſt affecting Calamities that has befallen us ſince the Conqueſt of the Province. The four Merchants were Men of excellent and amiable Characters, have been here from the taking of the Country, were univerſally known amongſt the Natives, and equally eſteemed and beloved, and therefore are equally regretted by them, and his Majeſty's old Subjects. Mr. Conyngham, though he had reſided here but about one Year, had gained many Friends, was looked upon as an able and diligent Man in his Profeſſion, had important Affairs of ſeveral principal Perſons here in his Hands, who muſt be great Sufferers by his untimely Death, and leaves beſides a poor helpleſs Orphan, of about eight or nine years old, at Hogſden School, a Boy of promiſing Expectations, deprived now of both his Parents, his Mother having died here about ſeven or eight Months paſt. As Mr. Conyngham had carried Letters to England from many Perſons here, it was expected that he had Returns to ſome in his Box of Papers, but it ſeems none were found there, but one for his Excellency, and another for Mrs. Harriſon, of this Place, from a Relation at London.

THOMAS YOU,

At the GOLDEN CUP, in *Meeting-ſtreet*,

HAS drawn and engraved a South PROSPECT of ST. PHILIP's CHURCH, which he intends for Sale, with Pictures of the ſame; and he hopes to meet with Encouragement from the Publick.

He has to ſell at a low Advance for ready Money, a Variety of large Plate and Jewellery, and alſo cleans and poliſhes old Plate the ſame as new. He will endeavour to oblige thoſe who chooſe to employ him.

A Large Copper Stew-Pan, with a Cover, and a ſmall Braſs Kettle, to be ſold cheap. Apply to C. Crouch.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, at the New-Printing-Office in ELLIOTT-STREET, the Corner of GADSDEN's ALLEY, where SUBSCRIPTIONS, ADVERTISEMENTS, and LETTERS OF INTELLIGENCE, &c. are received for this PAPER, and where all Manner of PRINTING WORK is performed with CARE and EXPEDITION.

SUPPLEMENT to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and *Country Journal*,
TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1766. No. 33. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

INDIAN CORN,

JUST IMPORTED, and to be ſold by
VANDERHORST & SIMONS.

For SALE,

ABOUT Fifty Hogſheads of Weſt-India Rum, and a few Quarter Pipes of excellent white Port Wine, by
JOHN GORDON.

ANNE GRAY,

HAVING taken a pleaſant airy Houſe, on Trott's Point, where the late Mrs. Akin's reſided, gives this publick Notice to her Town and Country Acquaintances, that ſhe has opened a SCHOOL at ſaid Houſe, for the Education of Youth, viz. Reading, plain Needle-work, Knitting and Marking. Such Gentlemen and Ladies as will pleaſe to favour her with the Care of their Children, may depend that ſhe will uſe her utmoſt Endeavours to give general Satisfaction.
July 21, 1766. ANNE GRAY.
N. B. She will take two or three Boarders, on reaſonable Terms.

THE Subſcriber has removed from Beadon's Alley to the Bay, about five Houſes below the Vendue-Houſe, where he takes in Boarders, and entertains other Gentlemen as uſual. ALEXANDER HEXT.

ARTHUR DOWNES,

Hath imported in the Ship London, *Capt.* James Strachan, *and the Sloop* Richmond, *Capt.* James Hamilton, *among other Things the following, viz.*

A Great variety of gold and ſilver dogſkin, tortoiſe ſhell and metal watches, ſome very neat eight-day clocks, made upon the beſt conſtruction, and in the neweſt faſhion, and as they are come out upon the loweſt terms, he is fully convinced that ladies and gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their commands will meet with entire ſatisfaction. Alſo ſilver table and tea ſpoons, pepper caſtors, ſaltcellars, punch and ſoup ladles, gold and ſilver thimbles and ſleeve buttons, breaſt buckles, plain gold rings, cork-ſcrews, trinkets of various ſorts, A great variety of ſtone ſleeve buttons ſet in gold and ſilver, ſtone and ſilver ſhoe and knee buckles, men and womens watch keys, chains and ſeals, &c. &c. which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms at his ſhop on the BAY, near the Watch-Houſe.
N. B. He cleans and mends all ſorts of watches and clocks, with the greateſt Expedition.

SAMUEL PERONNEAU,

HAS juſt imported in the Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Mafon, Maſter, from Philadelphia;

SUPER-Fine FLOUR, Milk and Water BREAD in Kegs.——He has to diſpoſe of by the half Dozen Pounds, choice Bohea TEA at *Thirty Shillings* per Pound, only for Caſh.
He deſires all thoſe whoſe Accounts have been long ſtanding to diſcharge the ſame immediately, otherwiſe they will be ſued without further Notice.

On Thurſday the Fourth of September *next, will be ſold at the Vendue-Houſe in Charleſtown,*

THE Houſe where the Subſcriber lives in (well known to be one of the cooleſt and moſt agreeable ſituated Houſes in Town) which has lately had new Back-buildings built thereon, as alſo great Improvements made to the Houſe and Garden. There is ſufficient Room on the Street to build a commodious Tenement. Any Perſon deſirous of knowing the Goodneſs of the Houſe and Back-buildings may be informed by applying to Mr. Vere.
Alſo on the ſame Day will be ſold a Lot oppoſite to the above, which has 40 odd Feet Front on ſaid ſtreet, and 440 odd Feet in Depth, is next to Mr. Lowndes's new Houſe. This Lot is remarkably well ſituated, for a Houſe for a private Family, being entirely open to the Southward. The Purchaſers may have Credit until the Firſt of January 1767, paying Intereſt. WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.
N. B. Any Perſon chooſing to purchaſe at private Sale, may apply to the Subſcriber.

TO BE SOLD,

A Pettiauger Boat, about 34 Feet long, ſeven broad, and four and an half deep, with a Cabin, two Maſts, two Sails, and a Grapnal. Apply to
JOHN CORRIE.

THE Partnerſhip of NIGHTINGALE and EDWARDS, being diſſolved for ſome time; and as there is a neceſſity for cloſing the concerns as ſoon as poſſible, they have placed their books of accompts in the hands of William Hales, who is authoriſed to ſettle the ſame; it is hoped all perſons concerned will diſcharge their reſpective accompts without delay. Thoſe to whom they are indebted are deſired to make known their demands.
THOMAS NIGHTINGALE.
WILLIAM EDWARDS.
N. B. Mr. Nightingale having declined, the buſineſs in all its branches is carried on by WILLIAM EDWARDS.

ANY Perſon having the firſt Volume of the Rev. Mr. JOHN FLAVAL's Works, and will diſpoſe of the ſame, may hear of a Perſon who will give a good Price for it, by applying to the Printer hereof.

I AM informed by Samuel Weſt, that there is on his farm at Gooſe-Creek, near the Quarter-Houſe, a black mare, about eight years old, has her tail dock'd, branded on the off ſhoulder thus $\overline{W}$, with a black yearling colt unbranded, at her ſide.—Alſo a dapple grey mare, thirteen hands high, about five years old, with a docked tail, branded on the near ſhoulder and off buttock thus O. The owners may prove their property before JAMES PARSONS, J. P.

A Sober ſingle Man, of a good Character, who is qualified for a School-Maſter, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to me at my Plantation on John's Iſland. JOHN HOLMES.

TO BE SOLD, at publick Vendue, on Thurſday the 14th of Auguſt *next, (if a fair Day, otherwiſe next fair Day) at* Scott's *Ferry, in St. Thomas's Parish;*

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of Joſeph Scott, deceaſed, conſiſting of nineteen Negroes, ſome of them good Boatmen, Houſe Wenches, and handy Boys. About forty Head of good tame Cattle, a ſmall Stock of Sheep, and Hogs, four Horſes, a riding Chair, three good Canoes, and a Horſe-Boat, Houſhold Furniture, and Plantation Tools. Credit will be given on all Sums, exceeding Fifty Pounds, until the firſt Day of March 1767, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security.
And at the Time of the above Sale, will be let to the higheſt Bidder, for a Term of Years, then to be made known, the Plantation of the ſaid Deceaſed, containing 300 Acres, greateſt Part of which is extraordinary good planting Land, and good Paſturage, and may be all incloſed with three-fourths of a Mile Fence. The Plantation is well improved and pleaſantly ſituated, and the Profits ariſing from the Ferry eſtabliſhed there, may be made very conſiderable, and Charleſtown Market attended with great Eaſe, being only Six Miles from Town. Further Notice is given, that all Perſons having Demands on the Deceaſed's Eſtate, are deſired to make them known, and thoſe indebted to make immediate Payment to ELISABETH SCOTT, Adminiſtratrix.
N. B. Boats will attend at Price's Wharf in the Forenoon of the Sale Day, to carry Paſſengers to the Sale, and will return the ſame Evening.

THE Subſcriber has taken the Houſe of Mr. William Bampfield, the Corner of King and Queen-ſtreets, and has opened an Houſe of private Lodging, and Stabling for Country Gentlemen and Ladies, and will be obliged to thoſe who will favour him with their Cuſtom, as he hopes to give entire Satisfaction.
ANDREW BROUGHTON.

TO BE SOLD, on Thurſday the Twenty-fifth Day of Auguſt *next, at the Subſcriber's Plantation, near Saltcatcher River;*

TWENTY-FIVE valuable SLAVES, amongſt which are Sawyers, and handy Boys and Girls. The Condition of the Sale will be Credit to the Firſt of January next, giving approved Security, if required, and paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale.
JOSEPH PERRY.

St. George's Pariſh, July 17, 1766.

STRAYED into my plantation near Bacon's Bridge, a bay gelding about 14 hands high, eight or nine years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder WL in one, on the off buttock W, and on the off ſhoulder 2; has had a feſtula.
Alſo a black gelding about 13 hands high, branded on the off ſhoulder like a turned T and an anchor in one, and on the buttock like an S. The owners may prove their property before HENRY SMITH.

MARLEY's LIVERY STABLES,

With Standings for Sixty HORSES, at the North End of MEETING-STREET.

HORSES are ſtabled on the following Terms, viz.

FOR a Horſe, and Room for a Chair, by the Year, and the Chair to be kept clean and greaſed, One Hundred and Twenty Pounds.
For a Horſe, and Room for a Chair, without cleaning, by the Year, One Hundred and Fifteen Pounds.
For a Horſe by the Year, One Hundred Pounds.
For a Horſe ſtabled for a Quarter only, Thirty Pounds.
For a Chair-Houſe by the Year, Twenty Pounds.
For the Standing of a Chair, and keeping the ſame clean and greaſed, Twenty Pounds, a Year.
For a Horſe by the Night, Ten Shillings.
Each Horſe has a Standing, and to be well cleaned and curried every Morning, and fed Night and Morning with Corn, and Plenty of Corn-Blades at all Times.
Note. All Horſes ſtabled by the Night, the Stabling to be paid for when the Horſes are taken away.
And as Corn and Corn-Blades are ready Money Articles, all Stable and Chair Accounts muſt be paid quarterly without Exception.

PUBLICK NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to ALL concerned, That all Bonds, Notes, and Book Debts, that were due before the firſt Day of January laſt, either to *John Marley*, or to *John Braund*, and *Company*, or to *Braund, Egan*, and *Company*, that are not paid or ſettled to my Satisfaction by the firſt Day of *September* next, that then the Books and Notes will be given to an Attorney to be ſued for according to Law, without further Notice.
July 16, 1766. JOHN MARLEY.
N. B. All who have any Accounts againſt me are deſired to ſend them in, that I may ſettle them as ſoon as poſſible.

TO BE SOLD,

Two Houſes and Lots of Land in Tradd-ſtreet, the Property of Rowland Evans, Painter;

EACH containing 20 Feet in Front, and 103 Feet in Depth. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the ſaid Lots, or the Whole, may treat with Mr John Deas.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue in George-Town, *on Monday the fourth Day of* Auguſt *next;*

TWO Tracts of Land, ſituate on Black-Mingo Creek, in Prince Frederick Pariſh, one containing 250 Acres, the other 200 Acres; formerly belonging to John Thompſon, Indian Trader, deceaſed, now the Property of Governor Wright; both Tracts are valuable for Rice, and Naval Stores. The Purchaſers may have twelve Months Credit, free of Intereſt, on giving approved Security to PAUL TRAPIER.

WANTED,

A YOUNG Man, who is well acquainted with the mercantile Buſineſs, and is willing to live in Savannah in Georgia. Such a Perſon, well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD at publick Outcry, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 21ſt Day of Auguſt *next;*

A Very agreeable, pleaſant and profitable plantation, or tract of land, containing 137 acres, on Charles-Town Neck, bounding to the northward on lands late of Childermas Croſt, Eſq; deceaſed, to the eaſtward on the Broad-Path, to the ſouthward on lands of Mr. Bullard, and to the weſtward on Aſhley-River, late belonging to Branfill Evance, Eſq; deceaſed.
ALSO, A very valuable tract of land on the branches of Cooſhatchee and Chuleſtuney creeks, in Granville county, containing 2000 acres, formerly ſurveyed for Thomas Elliott, Eſq; deceaſed, and afterwards the property of Mr. Robert Oſwald, deceaſed.
ALSO, Part of a lot of land in St. Michael's pariſh, Charles-Town, fronting on Church-ſtreet and Longitude Lane, with the new buildings and improvements thereon, which now let at £. 460 per annum.
The purchaſer or purchaſers, may have ſix or twelve months credit, paying intereſt from the day of ſale, and giving ſuch ſecurity as ſhall be approved of, by
CHARLES PINCKNEY.

RICHARD FOWLER,

UPHOLSTERER and PAPER-HANGER, from LONDON, two Doors from the *White-Meeting*, in Meeting-ſtreet,

BEGS Leave to inform the Publick, that he makes all Sorts of Bed Furniture, Venetians and Feſtoon Window Curtains, ſtuffs and repairs all Sorts of eaſy and French Chairs, Couches and Sofas, in the neateſt Taſte. He has to ſell, a large Aſſortment of ready made Mattreſſes, from *Six Pounds* to *Fourteen*; thoſe who find their Materials, may have them made for *One Dollar* each; Fire Screens papered in the neateſt Taſte; Seat Flower Pieces for Chimnies.
N. B. As he expects a large Aſſortment of Paper and other Materials belonging to the Upholſtery Buſineſs, of the neweſt and neateſt Faſhions, from one of the principal Ware-Houſes in London, he will be much obliged to thoſe who chooſe to favour him with their Commands, and they may depend on having them executed with the utmoſt Care and Aſſiduity, in an elegant and workman-like Manner.

FRANCES SWALLOW,

Hath juſt imported in the London, Captain Strachan, from London; a compleat Aſſortment of

MILLINERY and other GOODS,

Which ſhe will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms, among which are the following articles:

BROCADE, ſattin, laſting, & callimanco ſhoes and pumps,
Womens and girls Mecklenburgh fans,
Crimſon and purple leather gloves,
Coloured French ſilk gloves,
Thread and Cotton ditto,
Plain black and white ſilk do.
India and Engliſh chints,
Dark ground and marble do.
Humhums, long lawns and book muſlin,
Piſtol, ſpotted, flowered and plain lawns,
Clouting diaper, and napkin damaſk,
Fine white India chints,
India perſian and nankeen,
Striped, flowered and plain mantuas,
Black, blue, crimſon, green, and white figured ſattin,
Pink & yellow ſtriped thread ditto,
Black, blue, green and pink peelings,
Scented waſh-balls,
Lavender and Hungary water,
Poland ſtarch,
Powder blue,
Broad and narrow black alamode,
Black, blue, pink, green & white Engliſh perſian,
Black, blue and green figured modes,
Fine French pearl and wax neckaces and earrings,
Sets of ditto,
Beſt London pins, and ſteel pointed ſciſſars in ſheaths,
Silver thimbles and ivory bodkins,
Faſhionable ribands, figured and plain,
1 white ground brocade ſilk,
1 neat ſilver tweezer caſe,
Plaited ſhocks and ſtock tape,
Blond lace,
Thread and Bruſſels ditto,
Jacob's ladder,
Robin and ribband tape,
Black and white cat-gut,
Figured and ſtriped gauze,
Plain gauze caps, ſtocks and ſhoe,
Beaugie and French egrets,
Boys black and white beaver hats with ſilver and gold loops,
Ladies faſhionable hats and coroners,
Ladies black and coloured feathers,
Boys black, blue and white ditto,
Exceeding good hyſon and bohea tea,
Fine Iriſh linen,
Sheeting and Ruſſia ditto,
Mens plain and ribbed ſilk and thread hoſe,
Womens thread and cotton ditto,
Boys and girls ditto of all ſizes,
Beſt French olives, walnuts, capers and ſweet oil in quart and pint bottles,
1-4th garlix and dowlas,
1-4th, 6-8th, and yard wide checks,
Gingham and cotton Hollands,
Nutmegs, mace, cinnamon and cloves,
Iriſh and Scots oſnaburgs,
Silver ſcalloped lace, and ſpangle ditto,
Fine Durham muſtard,
Blue hair trunks, with braſs locks,
Variety of china,
A compleat ſet blue and white ditto,
Slight narrow ribband for trimming,
French trimming of all colours,
Children's toys of all kinds.

Alſo ſuperfine blue and ſeven-eighth grey broad cloaths, gold and ſilver lace, gold and ſilver knee garters, ſilver buttons, gold and ſilver vellum and cord, mens beſt beaver hats, white plains, loaf ſugar, neat London made ſaddles with long flaps, double rein and ſtuffle bridles, ſurfingals and boot garters, juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by NEWMAN SWALLOW, at his ſtore on the bay. ---- N. B. Superfine flour in barrels and half barrels, and water, milk and butter biſcuit in kegs.

A WET NURSE,

WITH a good Breaſt of MILK, to be hired out. Enquire of
ISAAC DA COSTA.

BOSTON, May 26.

FRIDAY Se'nnight, to the inexpreſſible Joy of all, we received by Captain Coffin, the important News of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, which was ſigned by his Majeſty the 18th March laſt, upon which the Bells in the Town were ſet a ringing, the Ships in the Harbour diſplayed their Colours. Guns were diſcharged in different Parts of the Town, and in the Evening were ſeveral Bonfires. According to a previous Vote of the Town, the Select-men met in the Afternoon, at Faneuil-Hall, and appointed Monday laſt, for a Day of general Rejoicing on that happy Occaſion. The Morning was uſhered in with Muſick, Ringing of Bells, and the Diſcharge of Cannon, the Ships in the Harbour, and many of the Houſes in Town being adorned with Colours. Joy ſmiled in every Countenance, Benevolence, Gratitude, and Content ſeemed the Companions of all. By the Generoſity of ſome Gentlemen, remarkable for their Humanity and Patriotiſm, our Goal was freed of Debtors. At One o'Clock the Caſtle and Batteries, and Train of Artillery, fired a Royal Salute; and the Afternoon was ſpent in Mirth and Jollity. In the Evening the whole Town was beautifully illuminated:—On the Commons, the Sons of Liberty erected a magnificent Pyramid, illuminated with 280 Lamps, the four upper Stories of which were ornamented with the Figures of their Majeſties, and fourteen of the worthy Patriots who have diſtinguiſhed themſelves by their Love of Liberty. The following Lines were on the four Sides of the next Apartment, which referred to the emblematical Figures on the lower Story, the whole ſupported by a large Baſe of the Doric Order.

O thou whom next to Heav'n we moſt revere,
Fair Liberty! Thou lovely Goddeſs hear!
Have we not woo'd thee, won thee, held thee long,
Lain in the Lap, and melted on thy Tongue:
Through Death and Dangers rugged Paths purſu'd,
And led thee ſmiling to this SOLITUDE:
Hid thee within our Hearts moſt golden Cell,
And brav'd the Powers of Earth, and Powers of Hell.
Goddeſs! We cannot part, thou muſt not fly,
Be SLAVES: We dare to ſcorn it——dare to die.
While clanking Chains and Curſes ſhall ſalute,
Thine Ears remorſleſs G——le, thine O B——te;
To you bleſt PATRIOTS! we our Cauſe ſubmit,
Illuſtrious CAMBDEN, Britain's Guardian PITT;
Recede not, frown not, rather let us be
Depriv'd of Being, than of LIBERTY.
Let Fraud or Malice, blacken all our Crimes,
No Diſaffection ſtains theſe peaceful Climes;
O ſave us, ſhield us from impending Woes,
The Foes of Britain, only are our Foes.
Boaſt foul Oppreſſion, boaſt thy tranſient Reign,
While honeſt FREEDOM ſtruggles with her Chain;
But now the Sons of Virtue, hardy, brave,
Diſdain to loſe through mean Deſpair to ſave;
Arrouz'd in Thunder, awful they appear,
With proud Deliverance ſtalking in their Rear;
While Tyrant Foes their pallid Fears betray,
Shrink from their Arms, and give their Vengeance way;
See in the unequal War OPPRESSORS fall,
The Hate, Contempt, and endleſs Curſe of all.
Our FAITH approved, our LIBERTY reſtor'd,
Our Hearts bend grateful to our Sov'reign Lord;
Hail darling Monarch! by this Act endear'd,
Our firm Affections are thy beſt Reward;
Shou'd Britains ſelf, againſt herſelf divide,
And hoſtile Armies frown on either Side;
Shou'd Hoſts rebellious, ſhake our Brunſwick's Throne,
And as they dar'd the Parent, dare the Son;
To this Aſylum, ſtretch thine happy Wing,
And we'll contend, who beſt ſhall love our KING.

——On the Top of the Pyramid was fixed a round Box of Fire-Works horizontally.——About One Hundred Yards from the Pyramid, the Sons of Liberty erected a Stage for the Exhibition of their Fire-Works, near the Work-houſe, in the lower Room of which they entertained the Gentlemen of the Town. John Hancock, Eſq; who gave a grand and elegant Entertainment to the genteel Part of the Town, and treated the Populace with a Pipe of Madera Wine, erected at the Front of his Houſe, which was magnificently illuminated, a Stage for the Exhibition of his Fire-Works, which were to anſwer to thoſe of the Sons of Liberty:—At Duſk the Scene opened by the Diſcharge of twelve Rockets from each Stage; after which the Figures on the Pyramid were uncovered, making a beautiful Appearance. To give a Deſcription of the great Variety of Fire-Works, exhibited from this Time till Eleven o'Clock would be endleſs—the Air was filled with Rockets—the Ground with Bee-hives and Serpents—and the two Stages with Wheels of Fire-Works of various Sorts. Mr. Otis, and ſome other Gentlemen, who lived near the Common kept open Houſe, the whole Evening, which was very pleaſant; the Multitudes of Gentlemen and Ladies, who were continually paſſing from one Place to another, added much to the Brilliancy of the Night: At Eleven o'Clock the Signal being given by a Diſcharge of twenty-one Rockets, the horizontal Wheel, on the Top of the Pyramid or Obeliſk, was played off, ending in the Diſcharge of ſixteen Dozen of Serpents in the Air, which concluded the Shew. To the Honour of the Sons of Liberty, we can with Pleaſure inform the World, that every Thing was conducted with the utmoſt Decency and good Order, not a Reflection caſt on any Character, nor the leaſt Diſorder during the whole Scene. The Pyramid, which was deſigned to be placed under the Tree of Liberty, as a ſtanding Monument of this glorious Æra, by Accident took Fire about One o'Clock, and was conſumed.—— The Lamps by which it was illuminated not being extinguiſhed at the Cloſe of the Scene, it is ſuppoſed to have taken Fire by ſome of them.

On Tueſday Evening, ſome of the Sons of Liberty apprehending the Lanthorns hung on the Tree of Liberty, which the Night before amounted only to the ever memorable Number 45, would have made a more loyal and ſtriking Appearance if increaſed to the glorious Majority of 108, met and procuring that Number, diſpoſed them on the Tree in a very agreeable pictureſque Manner. The Houſes next adjoining, and oppoſite, were decorated with Figures characteriſtic of thoſe to whom we bear the deepeſt Loyalty and Gratitude: Here, an imperfect Portrait of their Majeſties, our moſt gracious King and Queen—— there, the Royal Arms;—here the illuſtrious Cambden, Pitt, Conway, Barre, of late ſo conſpicuous in the Cauſe of Liberty, and their Country: In ſhort, Imagination muſt ſupply, their Variety exhibited on this Occaſion, which Words are wanting to expreſs.

The Honourable his Majeſty's Council, at a previous Invitation of the Governor, met at the Province-Houſe on Monday Afternoon, where his Majeſty's Health, and many other loyal Toaſts were drank; and in the Evening his Excellency with the Council, walked in the Common, to ſee the Fire-Works, Exhibitions, &c. who were well pleaſed with the Regularity the Inhabitants carried on their Demonſtrations of Loyalty and Joy on this happy Occaſion.

A Correſpondent informs us, that the well conducted Rejoicing on Monday laſt, were uſhered in very early in the Morning, with a Subſcription for liberating all the poor Priſoners in Goal for Debt, the Motion was readily agreed to by all the humane, on that joyful Day, the Money raiſed, and the Priſon cleared. The charitable Deed originated in a fair Boſton Nymph.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, dated March 28, 1766.

"A few Days before the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, I was in the Houſe of Lords, where I was entertained for eight Hours by Lord Bute, Mansfield, Cambden, Shelburn, Biſhops Warburton and Newton. Lord Cambden replied to Lord Mansfield, in a very nervous Stile; ſhewed wherein the Subject was oppreſſed, and what a Set of Creatures our Governors were, except Mr. Bernard, who were all appointing Methods to enforce the Act, and not one the Inconvenience of the Act;—that Mr. Bernard had done his Duty like an Officer of the Crown, and like a Friend to his Country, in pointing out the great Inconvenience of enforceing the Act; and ſummed up his Character in theſe Words, That this good, ſenſible, and great Man, of all the Governors on the Continent, had pointed out the Inconvenience of that Act; for his Part he ſhould ever reſpect him."———

We hear from Medford, that on receiving the joyful News of the Stamp-Act being repealed, laſt Friday Evening, the Dwelling-houſe, Summer-houſe, &c. of the Honourable Brigadier-General Royall, were very handſomely illuminated, a Number of Chambers were fired, Rockets diſcharged, and Fire-works diſplayed, with many other Demonſtrations of Joy. And the Military Company of Medford being that Day raiſed, they repaired in the Evening to the Brigadier's Houſe, and were generouſly entertained. We alſo hear that a Number of other Houſes in ſaid Town were illuminated, a large Bonfire made, and ſuch Expreſſions of Joy were ſhewn, as become a free and loyal People.

Charleſtown, May 19. This Day being ſet apart for publick Rejoicings, on Account of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act, the Dawn was uſhered in with the Ringing of Bells, beſides a Diſplay of Colours on board the Shipping in the Harbour. At Noon the Independent Company belonging to Caſtle-William muſtered, and diſcharged the Cannon at the Battery; and in the Afternoon the ſame Company met at the Long-Wharf, where a Number of the principal Gentlemen of the Town aſſembled, and the following Toaſts were drank, viz.

The KING and Britiſh Parliament. Mr. PITT, and all our Friends in England, who have exerted themſelves in Favour of the Colonies. Peace and Harmony to this Government, and a wiſe Improvement of this happy Event. All the true Sons of Liberty on the Continent, who have wiſely and nobly diſtinguiſhed themſelves upon this very important Occaſion.

At every Toaſt ſeven Cannon were diſcharged, and in the Evening the Houſes in the Town were beautifully illuminated—in ſhort, the whole was conducted with the greateſt Decency, and every Countenance diſcovered the ſincereſt Joy upon the Re-eſtabliſhment of our happy Privileges.

Boſton, June 2. Friday Evening laſt, a Number of young Gentlemen of this Town gave an elegant Ball upon the happy Occaſion of the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

Extract of a Letter from Duxborough, May 28.

"At Length the Affair, the great, the important Affair, big with the Fate of Britain and her Colonies is decided, the deſtable STAMP-ACT is repealed! Hail glorious Tidings, welcome, thrice welcome to our Shores.——The Day ſubſequent to the Reception of this intereſting News, every poſſible Demonſtration of Joy was exhibited; the Morning was uſhered in with the beating of Drums, diſcharging of Guns, &c. the Veſſels in the Harbour diſplayed their Colours, all Buſineſs was poſtponed, and Joy ſat ſmiling on every Countenance.—Towards the Cloſe of the Day, the Inhabitants of the Town, to the Number of about 500, aſſembled on a lofty Hill, on the very Spot where the gallant Standiſh routed the ſavage Foe, and ſaved from impending Ruin our pious Anceſtors. Here a large Bonfire was enkindled, and the execrable Object of our juſt Reſentment made *its* Exit in the curling Flames. The Air reſounded with an inceſſant Roar, from the Cannon of the Town, from the Vollies of Small-Arms, and the repeated Huzzas of the raptured Multitude. The Houſes in the Vicinity of the Hill were elegantly illuminated. As ſoon as the Fire was extinguiſhed, and the Aſhes of the Stamp-Act hurled into the infernal Regions, from whence it received its Origin, the Aſſembly repaired to a wide-ſpreading Apple-Tree (the firſt Tree of that Kind which was planted in New-England, and which has been remarkably preſerved in a flouriſhing State to this Time) where an handſome Entertainment was provided, and many loyal Healths drank, viz. Long Life to his Majeſty—A good Underſtanding to the Britiſh Parliament—Health and Proſperity to the immortal PITT—Succeſs to Trade—Increaſe of American Manufactures—and the gallant Sons of Liberty at Boſton, &c. &c.—The Fair Sex participated in the general Joy, an agreeable Smile elucidated every Countenance; Venus with all her Graces ſeemed to have bid adieu to her Seat at Idalia, and taken up her Reſidence on the Duxborean Shore. The principal Ladies of the Town convened at the Foot of the Hill, moſtly attired in the Manufactures of America, here a Collation of Tea was ſerved up, Scandal concealed its Head, Liberty was the ſole Topic of Converſation, here they paſſed the following patriotick Reſolves, viz.

I. That the moſt efficacious Method for Gentlemen to make Impreſſions on their Hearts—to procure their Favour, would be, to be zealous in the Cauſe of Liberty, to be aſſiduous in their Oppoſition to Tyranny.

II. That they would ſooner bid adieu to the Regions of Light—would ſooner ſpend their Days in a State of Virginity, than tie the connubial Knot with a Man whoſe daſtard Soul rendered him unworthy the glorious Title of a true Son of Liberty.

This being done, both Sexes repaired to their reſpective Places of Abode. The whole was conducted with the greateſt Decency and Decorum."

June 24. Laſt Saturday Afternoon, Captain Dunn came to Town from Cape-Anne, where he arrived in a fiſhing Schooner from the Iſle of Sables, and informs, that he was Paſſenger on board Captain Gwin, in a large Ship, between 4 and 500 Tons Burthen, richly laden, bound from Briſtol, to this Place, but that on the 24th of May, at Nine o'Clock at Night, in thick Weather, they unfortunately ran aſhore on the South-eaſt Part of that Iſland, about a Mile from the Bar, where they remained till the next Morning, when the Veſſel went to Pieces, and fourteen of the People unhappily periſhed; the others, twelve in Number, with great Difficulty got ſafe aſhore upon the Maſts, and other Parts of the Wreck: Captain Dunn remained on the Iſland eleven Days after this Diſaſter, during which Time but very little of the Cargo came aſhore; he thinks ſome of the Letters were taken up, which, with what other Things might be ſaved, Captain Gwin intended to bring with him in Captain Beal, who was there in a Schooner belonging to this Place.—— Among thoſe unhappy Perſons who were drowned by this melancholy Accident, was the Mate, Mr. Benjamin Blackman of this Town, Captain Cohoun, a Paſſenger, a Boy of Captain Dunn's, and a Nephew of Captain Gwin's, alſo a Woman, Wife of one of the Seamen. The Ship was about ſixty Yards from the Shore when ſhe went to Pieces.

Captain Dunn further informs, that a Schooner had been caſt away on that Iſland ſome Time before, and that the Bodies of two Men, ſuppoſed to have belonged to her, were found dead on the Beach, which by their Dreſs appeared to be Fiſhermen.

The Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives for this Province, laſt Week voted, that Letters of Thanks be ſent to the Right Honourable Mr. PITT, and to all thoſe illuſtrious Perſonages who exerted themſelves in both Houſes of Parliament, in obtaining the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.

Extract of a Letter from Kingſton, in Jamaica, dated May 21, 1766.

"Captain John Dean arrived in 35 Days Paſſage from Boſton, in the Counteſs of Bute, to the Surpriſe of every one here; had he not been a Man well reſpected, and his Cargo much wanted, he would have found it difficult to have ſold here. One of his old Cuſtomers refuſed to take any of his Fiſh, except he had a Caſk that was Number 45, Captain Dean ſent for the Caſk, and he paid the Money for the ſame."———

QUEBEC, May 29.

On Friday towards Evening, arrived off Coudre, a little below the Traverſe, the London, Captain Moore, from London. The Wind was fair, but blew rather too hard for a Canoe to venture off with Safety, with a Pilot from the Iſland eſpecially as the Ship lay at a conſiderable Diſtance, having brought too cloſe under the Shore of the oppoſite Cape. The Ship therefore was obliged to continue at Anchor, waiting for a Pilot. She had on board Paſſengers, Meſſrs. William M'Kenzie, George Fulton, Stephen Abbot, and Samuel Duncan, Merchants; and Mr. William Conyngham, Attorney at Law. Theſe Gentlemen, impatient to get to Quebec, to their Buſineſs and Friends, with two Seamen, left the Ship, and took to the Yawl, a ſtrong and large Boat, about ſix o'Clock; but the Wind encreaſing, and the Waves running high, and Mr. Conyngham, who was at the Helm, not keeping up the Head of the Boat to the Waves, ſhe was ſeen at Half an Hour after ſeven to broach to, and overſet, oppoſite the Parish of Sainte Famille, about a Mile above Cape Torment, and all that were in her periſhed. None of their Bodies have been yet found, but a Box of Papers, with ſome other Things, belonging to Mr. Conyngham, was taken up by an Inhabitant on the North Shore, and brought on Monday to the Governor.—This is one of the moſt affecting Calamities that has befallen us ſince the Conqueſt of the Province. The four Merchants were Men of excellent and amiable Characters, have been here from the taking of the Country, were univerſally known amongſt the Natives, and equally eſteemed and beloved, and therefore are equally regretted by them, and his Majeſty's old Subjects. Mr. Conyngham, though he had reſided here but about one Year, had gained many Friends, was looked upon as an able and diligent Man in his Profeſſion, had important Affairs of ſeveral principal Perſons here in his Hands, who muſt be great Sufferers by his untimely Death, and leaves beſides a poor helpleſs Orphan, of about eight or nine years old, at Hogſden School, a Boy of promiſing Expectations, deprived now of both his Parents, his Mother having died here about ſeven or eight Months paſt. As Mr. Conyngham had carried Letters to England from many Perſons here, it was expected that he had Returns to them in his Box of Papers, but it ſeems none were found there, but one for his Excellency, and another for Mrs. Harriſon, of this Place, from a Relation at London.

THOMAS YOU,

At the GOLDEN CUP, in *Meeting-ſtreet*, HAS drawn and engraved a South PROSPECT of ST. PHILIP's CHURCH, which he intends for Sale, with Pictures of the ſame; and he hopes to meet with Encouragement from the Publick.

He has to ſell at a low Advance for ready Money, a Variety of large Plate and Jewellery, and alſo cleans and poliſhes old Plate the ſame as new. He will endeavour to oblige thoſe who chooſe to employ him.

A Large Copper Stew-Pan, with a Cover, and a ſmall Braſs Kettle, to be ſold cheap. Apply to C. Crouch.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, at the New-Printing-Office in ELLIOTT-STREET, the Corner of GADSDEN's ALLEY, where SUBSCRIPTIONS, ADVERTISEMENTS, and LETTERS OF INTELLIGENCE, &c. are received for this PAPER, and where all Manner of PRINTING WORK is performed with CARE and EXPEDITION.

SUPPLEMENT to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and *Country Journal*,
TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1766. No. 33. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

INDIAN CORN,

JUST IMPORTED, and to be ſold by VANDERHORST & SIMONS.

For SALE,

ABOUT Fifty Hogſheads of Weſt-India Rum, and a few Quarter Pipes of excellent white Port Wine, by

JOHN GORDON.

ANNE GRAY,

HAVING taken a pleaſant airy Houſe, on Trott's Point, where the late Mrs. Akin's reſided, gives this publick Notice to her Town and Country Acquaintances, that ſhe has opened a SCHOOL at ſaid Houſe, for the Education of Youth, viz. Reading, plain Needle-work, Knitting and Marking. Such Gentlemen and Ladies as will pleaſe to favour her with the Care of their Children, may depend that ſhe will uſe her utmoſt Endeavours to give general Satisfaction.

July 21, 1766. ANNE GRAY.

N. B. She will take two or three Boarders, on reaſonable Terms.

THE Subſcriber has removed from Bedon's Alley to the Bay, about five Houſes below the Vendue-Houſe, where he takes in Boarders, and entertains other Gentlemen as uſual. ALEXANDER HEXT.

ARTHUR DOWNES,

Hath imported in the Ship London, *Capt.* James Strachan, *and the Snow* Richmond, *Capt.* James Hamilton, *among other Things the following, viz.*

A Great variety of gold and ſilver dogſkin, tortoiſe ſhell and metal watches, ſome very neat eight-day clocks, made upon the beſt conſtruction, and in the neweſt faſhion, and as they are come out upon the loweſt terms, he is fully convinced that ladies and gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their commands will meet with entire ſatisfaction. Alſo ſilver table and tea ſpoons, pepper caſtors, ſaltcellars, punch and ſoop ladles, gold and ſilver thimbles and ſleeve buttons, breaſt buckles, plain gold rings, cork-ſcrews, trinkets of various ſorts, a great variety of ſtone ſleeve buttons ſet in gold and ſilver, ſtone and ſilver ſhoe and knee buckles, men and womens watch keys, chains and ſeals, &c. &c. which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms at his ſhop on the BAY, near the Watch-Houſe.

N. B. He cleans and mends all ſorts of watches and clocks, with the greateſt Expedition.

SAMUEL PERONNEAU,

HAS juſt imported in the Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon, Maſter, from Philadelphia;

SUPER-Fine FLOUR, Milk and Water BREAD in Kegs.——He has to diſpoſe of by the half Dozen Pounds, choice Bohea TEA at *Thirty Shillings* per Pound, only for Caſh.

He deſires all thoſe whoſe Accounts have been long ſtanding to diſcharge the ſame immediately, otherwiſe they will be ſued without further Notice.

On Thurſday the Fourth of September *next, will be ſold at the Vendue-Houſe in Charleſtown,*

THE Houſe where the Subſcriber lives in (well known to be one of the cooleſt and moſt agreeable ſituated Houſes in Town) which has lately had new Back-buildings built thereon, as alſo great Improvements made to the Houſe and Garden. There is ſufficient Room on the Street to build a commodious Tenement. Any Perſon deſirous of knowing the Goodneſs of the Houſe and Back-buildings may be informed by applying to Mr. Vere.

Alſo on the ſame Day will be ſold a Lot oppoſite to the above, which has 40 odd Feet Front on ſaid ſtreet, and 440 odd Feet in Depth, is next to Mr. Lowndes's new Houſe. This Lot is remarkably well ſituated, for a Houſe for a private Family, being entirely open to the Southward. The Purchaſers may have Credit until the Firſt of January 1767, paying Intereſt. WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

N. B. Any Perſon chooſing to purchaſe at private Sale, may apply to the Subſcriber.

TO BE SOLD,

A Pettiauger Boat, about 34 Feet long, ſeven broad, and four and an half deep, with a Cabin, two Maſts, two Sails, and a Grapnal. Apply to

JOHN CORRIE.

THE Partnerſhip of NIGHTINGALE and EDWARDS, being diſſolved for ſome time; and as there is a neceſſity for cloſing the concerns as ſoon as poſſible, they have placed their books of accompts in the hands of William Hales, who is authoriſed to ſettle the ſame; it is hoped all perſons concerned will diſcharge their reſpective accompts without delay. Thoſe to whom they are indebted are deſired to make known their demands.

THOMAS NIGHTINGALE.
WILLIAM EDWARDS.

N. B. Mr. Nightingale having declined, the buſineſs in all its branches is carried on by WILLIAM EDWARDS.

ANY Perſon having the firſt Volume of the Rev. Mr. JOHN FLAVAL's Works, and will diſpoſe of the ſame, may hear of a Perſon who will give a good Price for it, by applying to the Printer hereof.

I AM informed by Samuel Weſt, that there is on his farm at Gooſe-Creek, near the Quarter-Houſe, a black mare, about eight years old, has her tail dock'd, branded on the off ſhoulder thus ⋿, with a black yearling colt unbranded, at her ſide.—Alſo a dapple grey mare, thirteen hands high, about five years old, with a docked tail, branded on the near ſhoulder and off buttock thus O. The owners may prove their property before JAMES PARSONS, J. P.

A Sober ſingle Man, of a good Character, who is qualified for a School-Maſter, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to me at my Plantation on John's Iſland. JOHN HOLMES.

TO BE SOLD, at publick Vendue, on Thurſday the 14th of Auguſt *next, (if a fair Day, otherwiſe next fair Day) at* Scott's *Ferry, in St.* Thomas's *Pariſh;*

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of Joſeph Scott, deceaſed, conſiſting of nineteen Negroes, ſome of them good Boatmen, Houſe Wenches, and handy Boys. About forty Head of good tame Cattle, a ſmall Stock of Sheep, and Hogs, four Horſes, a riding Chair, three good Canoes, and a Horſe-Boat, Houſhold Furniture, and Plantation Tools. Credit will be given on all Sums, exceeding Fifty Pounds, until the firſt Day of March 1767, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security.

And at the Time of the above Sale, will be let to the higheſt Bidder, for a Term of Years, then to be made known, the Plantation of the ſaid Deceaſed, containing 300 Acres, greateſt Part of which is extraordinary good planting Land, and good Paſturage, and may be all incloſed with three-fourths of a Mile Fence. The Plantation is well improved and pleaſantly ſituated, and the Profits ariſing from the Ferry eſtabliſhed there, may be made very conſiderable, and Charleſtown Market attended with great Eaſe, being only Six Miles from Town. Further Notice is given, that all Perſons having Demands on the Deceaſed's Eſtate, are deſired to make them known, and thoſe indebted to make immediate Payment to ELIZABETH SCOTT, Adminiſtratrix.

N. B. Boats will attend at Price's Wharf in the Forenoon of the Sale Day, to carry Paſſengers to the Sale, and will return the ſame Evening.

THE Subſcriber has taken the Houſe of Mr. William Bampfield, the Corner of King and Queen-ſtreets, and has opened an Houſe of private Lodging, and Stabling for Country Gentlemen and Ladies, and will be obliged to thoſe who will favour him with their Cuſtom, as he hopes to give entire Satisfaction.

ANDREW BROUGHTON.

TO BE SOLD, on Thurſday the Twenty-fifth Day of Auguſt *next, at the Subſcriber's Plantation, near Saltcatcher River;*

TWENTY-FIVE valuable SLAVES, amongſt which are Sawyers, and handy Boys and Girls. The Condition of the Sale will be Credit to the Firſt of January next, giving approved Security, if required, and paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale.

JOSEPH PERRY.

St. George's Pariſh, July 17, 1766.

STRAYED into my plantation near Bacon's Bridge, a bay gelding about 14 hands high, eight or nine years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder WL in one, on the off buttock W, and on the off ſhoulder 2; has had a feſtula.

Alſo a black gelding about 13 hands high, branded on the off ſhoulder like a turned T and an anchor in one, and on the buttock like an S. The owners may prove their property before HENRY SMITH.

MARLEY's LIVERY STABLES,

With Standings for Sixty HORSES, at the North End of MEETING-STREET.

HORSES are ſtabled on the following Terms, viz.

FOR a Horſe, and Room for a Chair, by the Year, and the Chair to be kept clean and greaſed, One Hundred and Twenty Pounds.

For a Horſe, and Room for a Chair, without cleaning, by the Year, One Hundred and Fifteen Pounds.

For a Horſe by the Year, One Hundred Pounds.

For a Horſe ſtabled for a Quarter only, Thirty Pounds.

For a Chair-Houſe by the Year, Twenty Pounds.

For the Standing of a Chair, and keeping the ſame clean and greaſed, Twenty Pounds, a Year.

For a Horſe by the Night, Ten Shillings.

Each Horſe has a Standing, and to be well cleaned and curried every Morning, and fed Night and Morning with Corn, and Plenty of Corn-Blades at all Times.

Note. All Horſes ſtabled by the Night, the Stabling to be paid for when the Horſes are taken away.

And as Corn and Corn-Blades are ready Money Articles, all Stable and Chair Accounts muſt be paid quarterly without Exception.

PUBLICK NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to ALL concerned, That all Bonds, Notes, and Book Debts, that were due before the firſt Day of January laſt, either to *John Marley*, or to *John Braund*, and *Company*, or to *Braund, Egan*, and *Company*, that are not paid or ſettled to my Satisfaction by the firſt Day of *September* next, that then the Books and Notes will be given to an Attorney to be ſued for according to Law, without further Notice.

July 16, 1766. JOHN MARLEY.

N. B. All who have any Accounts againſt me are deſired to ſend them in, that I may ſettle them as ſoon as poſſible.

TO BE SOLD,

Two Houſes and Lots of Land in Tradd-ſtreet, the Property of Rowland Evans, Painter;

EACH containing 20 Feet in Front, and 103 Feet in Depth. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the ſaid Lots, or the Whole, may treat with Mr John Deas.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue in George-Town, *on Monday the fourth Day of* Auguſt *next;*

TWO Tracts of Land, ſituate on Black-Mingo Creek, in Prince Frederick Pariſh, one containing 250 Acres, the other 200 Acres; formerly belonging to John Thompſon, Indian Trader, deceaſed, now the Property of Governor Wright; both Tracts are valuable for Rice, and Naval Stores. The Purchaſers may have twelve Months Credit, free of Intereſt, on giving approved Security to PAUL TRAPIER.

WANTED,

A YOUNG Man, who is well acquainted with the mercantile Buſineſs, and is willing to live in Savannah in Georgia. Such a Perſon, well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD at publick Outcry, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 21ſt Day of Auguſt next;

A Very agreeable, pleaſant and profitable plantation, or tract of land, containing 137 acres, on Charles-Town Neck, bounding to the northward on lands late of Childermas Croft, Eſq; deceaſed, to the eaſtward on the Broad-Path, to the ſouthward on lands of Mr. Bullard, and to the weſtward on Aſhley-River, late belonging to Branfill Evance, Eſq; deceaſed.

ALSO, A very valuable tract of land on the branches of Cooſhatchee and Chulefinney creeks, in Grenville county, containing 2000 acres, formerly ſurveyed for Thomas Elliott, Eſq; deceaſed, and afterwards the property of Mr. Robert Oſwald, deceaſed.

ALSO, Part of a lot of land in St. Michael's pariſh, Charles-Town, fronting on Church-ſtreet and Longitude Lane, with the new buildings and improvements thereon, which now let at £. 460 per annum.

The purchaſer or purchaſers, may have ſix or twelve months credit, paying intereſt from the day of ſale, and giving ſuch ſecurity as ſhall be approved of, by

CHARLES PINCKNEY.

RICHARD FOWLER,

UPHOLSTERER and PAPER-HANGER, from LONDON, two Doors from the *White-Meeting*, in Meeting-ſtreet,

BEGS Leave to inform the Publick, that he makes all Sorts of Bed Furniture, Venetian and Feſtoon Window Curtains, ſtuffs and repairs all Sorts of eaſy and French Chairs, Couches and Sofas, in the neateſt Taſte. He has to ſell, a large Aſſortment of ready made Mattreſſes, from *Six Pounds* to *Fourteen*; thoſe who find their Materials, may have them made for *One Dollar* each; Fire Screens papered in the neateſt Taſte; neat Flower Pieces for Chimnies.

N. B. As he expects a large Aſſortment of Paper and other Materials belonging to the Upholſtery Buſineſs, of the neweſt and neateſt Faſhions, from one of the principal Ware-Houſes in London, he will be much obliged to thoſe who chooſe to favour him with their Commands, and they may depend on having them executed with the utmoſt Care and Aſſiduity, in an elegant and workman-like Manner.

FRANCES SWALLOW,

Hath juſt imported in the London, Captain Strachan, from London; a compleat Aſſortment of

MILLINERY and other GOODS,

Which ſhe will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms, among which are the following articles:

BROCADE, ſattin, laſting, & callimanco ſhoes and pumps,
Womens and girls Mecklenburgh fans,
Crimſon and purple leather gloves,
Coloured French ſilk gloves,
Thread and Cotton ditto,
Plain black and white ſilk do.
India and Engliſh chints,
Dark ground and marble do.
Humhums, long lawns and book muſlin,
Piſtol, ſpotted, flowered and plain lawns,
Clouting diaper, and napkin damaſk,
Fine white India chints,
India perſian and nankeen,
Striped, flowered and plain mantuas,
Black, blue, crimſon, green, and white figured ſattin,
Pink & yellow ſtriped thread ditto,
Black, blue, green and pink peelings,
Scented waſh-balls,
Lavender and Hungary water,
Poland ſtarch,
Powder blue,
Broad and narrow black alamode,
Black, blue, pink, green & white Engliſh perſian,
Black, blue and green figured modes,
Fine French pearl and wax necklaces and earrings,
Sets of ditto,
Beſt London pins, and ſteel pointed ſciſſars in ſheaths,
Silver thimbles and ivory bodkins,
Faſhionable ribands, figured and plain,
1 white ground brocade ſilk,
1 neat ſilver tweaſer caſe,
Plaited ſtocks and ſtock tape,
Blond lace,
Thread and Bruſſels ditto,
Jacob's ladder,
Bobin and riſband tape,
Black and white cat-gut,
Figured and ſtriped gauze,
Plain gauze caps, nets and flies,
Beaugle and French egrets,
Boys black and white beaver hats with ſilver and gold loops,
Ladies faſhionable hats and coronets,
Ladies black and coloured feathers,
Boys black, blue and white ditto,
Exceeding good hyſon and bohea tea,
Fine Iriſh linen,
Sheeting and Ruſſia ditto,
Mens plain and ribbed ſilk and thread hoſe,
Womens thread and cotton ditto,
Boys and girls ditto of all ſizes,
Beſt French olives, walnuts, capers and ſweet oil in quart and pint bottles,
3-4th garlix and dowlas,
3-4th, 6-8th, and yard wide checks,
Ginghams and cotton Hollands,
Nutmegs, mace, cinnamon and cloves,
Iriſh and Scots oſnaburgs,
Silver ſcalloped lace, and ſpangle ditto,
Fine Durham muſtard,
Blue hair trunks, with braſs locks,
Variety of china,
A compleat ſet blue and white ditto,
Slight narrow riband for trimming,
French trimming of all colours,
Childrens toys of all kinds.

Alſo ſuperfine blue and raven grey broad cloaths, gold and ſilver lace, gold and ſilver knee garters, baſket buttons, gold and ſilver vellum and cord, mens beſt beaver hats, white plains, loaf ſugar, neat London made ſaddles with long flaps, double rein and ſnaffle bridles, ſarſingals and boot garters, juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by NEWMAN SWALLOW, at his ſtore on the bay. ---- N. B. Superfine flour in barrels and half barrels, and water, milk and butter bread in kegs.

A WET NURSE,

WITH a good Breaſt of MILK, to be hired out. Enquire of

ISAAC DA COSTA.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON,

Just arrived from London, has imported from thence in the Richmond, Captain Hamilton, an Assortment of the following Goods, &c. which are to be sold at his Store, in Broad-street, formerly in the Possession of Mrs. Hesket, and next Door to Mr. Lockwood, Watchmaker,

FLOWERED, figured, and striped gauze, plain ditto, gauze handkerchiefs, ruffles and aprons of the newest patterns, some of which are not yet offered for sale in London, fashionable plain and figured ribands, silk mode, and satin capuchins of different colours, plain and flowered gauze cloaks, silk mits, silk gloves, blond lace, &c. ladies caps of the newest fashion, silk and thread turbans and tippets, blond lace ruffles, ladies fashionable hats and bonnets, sewing silk, osnabrug, and other thread, womens fine cotton stockings, mens silk ditto, silk breeches pieces, White Chapel and common needles, mens brown thread stockings, and white ribbed ditto, Holland and Manchester tape, quality binding and bobbing, shirt and waistcoat thread buttons, cotton laces, round and flat, sagathies, nankeen, paste shoe and knee buckles, watches, everlasting and calimanco shoes and pumps, mens shoes and pumps, mens fine beaver hats, felt ditto, boys castor and felt ditto, stays of different sizes, fine shaving powder and brushes, Turlington's balsam, Anderson and Speediman's pills, glauber salts, eau de luce, powder of bark, spirits of hartshorn.

N. B. A few hogsheads of London porter, in exceeding good condition, to be sold cheap; the above goods will be sold at a much cheaper rate than usual, especially for cash, having been bought with ready money.

TO BE SOLD,

A FEW Hogsheads of old West-India RUM, fine clay SUGARS in Casks, containing from 50 to 100 Weight. Also Coffee, Cocoa, Salt-Petre Hams, a few Barrels of Beef and Corn-fed Pork, by

WILLIAM BANBURY.

GEORGE ANCRUM,

HAVING succeeded Messrs. *Ancrum, Lance,* and *Loocock,* in their Store, and purchased of them, their Stock of Goods, consisting of well assorted and useful Articles, begs Leave to inform his Friends, that he will dispose of the same at a moderate Rate, and hopes the Customers of that House will favour him with their Commands, which shall be complied with in like good Manner as formerly.

THOMAS HORSEY,

Tin-Plate Worker, from LONDON,

TAKES this Method of acquainting his Friends and Customers, that he is removed from his late House in Broad-street, and has opened a Shop in Meeting-street, opposite Doctor Garden's, where he carries on the Tin-Plate working in all its various Branches.—Gentlemen and Ladies may be supplied with all Sorts of Tin-Ware made agreeable to their own Taste, AS CHEAP AS IMPORTED.

He returns his Thanks to his Friends and Customers for their former Favours, and hopes for a Continuance of them, as it will be always his Study (by the greatest Assiduity) to merit the same.

N. B. All Sorts of Brass and Copper Vessels tinned.

TO BE LET,

A NEW Brick Store and Cellar, in Bedon's street, with good Rooms over said Store, which Rooms may be used with or without the Store, by a Passage from said Street, and may be taken with the Store and Cellar, or separate. Enquire of John M'Call.

TO BE SOLD, by

LIVINGSTON & CHAMPNEYS,

WEST-INDIA RUM by the Hogshead, and six Field Negroes.

ONE HUNDRED POUNDS REWARD.

WHEREAS some evil disposed persons did, on Thursday night, the fourth instant, forcibly break into the house of Captain Harris, in Union-street continued, and did there break open a mahogany desk or escrutore, and take out of the same a green silk purse containing *ten* Portuguese gold coins called *whole Joes*, of the value of 25l. 4s. currency each, and *twenty-five* like coins called *half Joes*, each of the value of 12l. 12s. currency each, and a small silver stock buckle with three buttons, the property of JOHN PARKINSON, who, being a stranger in the country, hopes that all gentlemen, merchants and others, will be careful in receiving, from suspected persons, any such pieces of money, unless they give an account how they came by them. A reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS currency will be paid to any person that gives information, so as said money may be recovered, and in proportion, for any part thereof, to be paid on conviction of the offenders, by the printer hereof.

N. B. The thieves carried away at the same time, a wooden cage containing four red-bird cocks. *July* 14, 1766.

TO BE LET, and entered upon at Christmas next, A Plantation near Christ-Church, in Christ-Church Parish. For further Particulars, enquire of Andrew Hibben on said Plantation.—Two Sets of Indico Vats to be disposed of.

Charles-Town, May 11, 1766.

Just imported in the Brig Charles-Town Packet, THOMAS EASTWICK, *Master, from* Philadelphia, *and to be sold cheap, by* EDWARD BLAKE, *at Mr.* John Savage's *Store in* Tradd-street;

SUperfine FLOUR in Barrels, West-India RUM in Hogsheads, Muscovado SUGAR in Hogsheads and Barrels.

N. B. Said BLAKE will engage to furnish any Cargoes of Lumber, as good and on as early Notice as any Person in the Country. 34

TO be hired by the Month, or Year, a Negro Fellow, who is a compleat TANNER, CURRIER, and SHOE-MAKER. For further Particulars, enquire of WILLIAM BAKER.

ANNE WEBLEY, MILLINER,

BEGS Leave to inform her Friends and Customers, that she is removed out of Bedon's Street, into Tradd-Street, opposite William Burrows, Esq; where she carries on the Business in all its Branches; and has to dispose of a great Variety of MILLINERY GOODS of the newest Taste, and will be obliged to those who will favour her with their Custom.

TO BE SOLD cheap, by

SIMON & JOHN BERWICK,

A Large Quantity of exceeding good and fresh made NEGRO SHOES. Gentlemen may be supplied by applying to JOHN BERWICK, at Stono, or to SIMON BERWICK, at his Tan-yard in Charles-Town, the upper End of Tradd-street, where Shoe-makers and others, may be supplied with Leather of all Kinds. They have also a great Number of strong black Shoes for House Negroes or others, with Men, Boys and Girls neat Shoes and Pumps.

Likewise a very commodious HOUSE to LET, fronting Tradd-street, with a very large Yard and Garden.

St. John's Parish, in Berkley County, July 1, 1766.

THIS is to give notice to all persons, who are possessed of slaves, in St. John's Parish aforesaid, either as owners, attorneys, or trustees, that they are hereby required to give in on oath, to any one of the commissioners of the high-roads, for said parish, accounts of all their male slaves, with their names, from the age of 16 to 60 years, on or before the first Monday in August next, or otherwise executions will be issued out against all defaulters.

PETER GOURDINE,
JAMES CORDES, junior.
PETER BROUGHTON,
JOHN HARLESTON, junior.
HENRY DE ST. JULIEN,
EDWARD HARLESTON,
HENRY RAVENEL,
DANIEL RAVENEL, junior.
JAMES RAVENEL,
Commissioners.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Wednesday the Sixth of August, 1766, at the House of the late Uriah Edwards, *deceased, near* Bacon-Bridge;

ALL the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of some valuable SLAVES, among which is a fellow that has worked many years at the smith's trade, all the household furniture, a small stock of tame cattle, horses, and hogs, plantation tools, a large number of valuable books, between two and three hundred weight of indico, some corn, and many other valuable articles. The sale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon: All sums under *twenty pounds* to be ready money, and for all above, credit will be given to the first of January next, paying interest from the day of sale, and giving approved security: The property not to be altered until the conditions are complied with.——All persons having lawful demands on said estate, are desired to bring them in properly attested; and all those indebted thereto, are requested to make immediate payment, to JOHN EDWARDS, Administrator.

TO BE SOLD,

On Thursday the Fourth of September next, at my House in Jacksonburgh, if a fair Day, if not, the next fair Day after;

TWenty-four valuable SLAVES, among whom there is a Country born Fellow, about Twenty-five Years of Age, who has served a regular 'Prenticeship of eight Years to the Carpenter and Wheel-wright Trades; very few Negroes in this Province can work better than he can.—Likewise several very good Sawyers, House Wenches, handy Boys and Girls, and Field Slaves.—The Condition of the Sale will be, Credit to the first Day of January 1767, paying Interest from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security to ADAM CULLIATT.

N. B. I return my humble Thanks to my good Friends for their Custom, and hope for a Continuance of the same, as it shall be my Study and Care to give Satisfaction to the utmost of my Power.

STRAYED or Stolen from Charles-Town Green, about three Weeks ago, a white Horse about 14 Hands high, nine Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock SC, has one Glass Eye, and one dark one, with a short Tail. Whoever brings the said Horse to me in Charles-Town, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward.

July 12, 1766. THOMAS LEE.

I Am informed of a black steer, about five years old, marked in his right ear with an under and upper keel and cropped, and in his left ear with a swallow fork: Branded 9 S. Whoever owns the said steer, may apply to JOHN PAMOR.

JOHN SMITH, living at Mepkin, informs me of a brown bay horse, with a small blaze down his face, about 13 hands high: Branded on the near Buttock W P. The owner must prove his property, and apply to HENRY RAVENEL.

Goose-Creek, July 9, 1766.

I Am informed of a red steer, about four years old: Branded on the left buttock W C, a crop in one ear, and an under keel in the other. The owner may prove his property before HENRY SMITH.

STRAYED or stolen from the Rev. Mr. John Alison, at Saltcatcher, a black trotting horse, about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder with a heart, and an obscure brand within it; has a star in his forehead, and a blaze underneath it, and one hind foot white. A reasonable reward will be given for the delivery of the said horse to Mr. James Jerdon, at Ponpon.

Charles-Town, July 9, 1766.

TAKEN up a-drift, by my Negroes, on the 28th of June last, a small Cypress Canoe, about 15 Feet long, and three Feet and an Half wide, rows with four Oars, and steers with a Rudder. Paid over the Out-Side with Spanish Brown and Turpentine, and the In-Side with White Paint; her Stern-Sheets long, and painted blue. Whoever claims the said Canoe, may have her again, by applying to the Printer of this Paper, and paying him for this Advertisement. GEORGE NODINGS.

ROBERT Cochran informs me of sundry horses, &c. being strayed into his pasture, on the neck near Charlestown, viz. a bay horse about 14 hands high: Branded on the near buttock R. A black horse, about 13 hands and an half high: Branded on the near shoulder with something like a diamond, with two strokes branching out at the lower part, and hath several saddle spots. A bay mare about 12 hands and an half high: Branded on the near shoulder I S. The owners of these strays may prove their property before FENWICKE BULL, J. P.

WHEREAS my Wife *Christiana Kuffman,* by her own voluntary Consent, did on the 30th Day of September last, enter into Articles of Separation, and Acquittances for all Sums by her contracted: These are therefore to desire all Persons whatsoever, not to give her Credit on my Account, as I am resolved to pay no Debts of her contracting. FREDERICK KUFFMAN.

WILLIAM LEWIS gives me information of a red steer, branded T, with a crop in each ear, and an under keel. Also a black pied steer, branded DC, with a crop and a slit in one ear, and two notches in the other. Whoever owns either, must prove their property before

July 12, 1766. JOHN MAYRANT.

STOLEN or drifted about a month ago from Stono Landing, a cypress CANOE, 23 feet long, and four feet wide, rows with four oars, has a chain about nine feet long, two ring-bolts in her stern, a small keel and stern-post, with rudder and tiller, has lately been paid over with Spanish brown and oil. Two Dollars reward will be given to any person that will deliver her to me in Charles-Town. JAMES BROWN.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE,

Jan. 9, 1766. A new Negro Fellow of the Papa Country, calls himself DUBAU, marked in the Face with his Country Marks, and has on white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches. Taken up at Stono.

April 23. A tall slim fellow named WILL, formerly the Property of Mr. Francis Lamon of Beach-hill, he was shipped off by Mr. William Logan, in March 1765, and sold in Jamaica, the 13th of August following, to Mr. Michael Casey, by Joseph Hutchinson, Esq; and has since made his escape from thence to this province. He is of the Mandingo country, and has on a black jacket, with a brown one underneath, leather breeches, stockings and shoes. Taken up in Charles-Town.

July 3. A short well made negro fellow, who calls himself PETER, but can't tell his master's name, has on white negro cloth jacket and short trowsers, with a blanket, his country marks on his right arm, a middling beard, has two large bumps on his breast. Taken up at Mr. Joseph Ash's plantation, at Toogoodoo.

July 7. A new negro fellow of the Mandingo Country, calls himself SIMON, but cannot tell his master's name, has on white negro cloth jacket and breeches, with a blanket, his country marks on his temples, has lost one of his upper teeth. Taken up at Mr. J. Waring's plantation at Cane Acre.

July 17. A new negro fellow of the Yalunka country, who calls himself AUGUST, but can't tell his master's name, has on old white negro cloth jacket and breeches, with blue buttons, his country marks on his forehead and breast.—— Taken up at William Henry Drayton's plantation near the Saltcatcher's.

THIS is to give publick Notice, that I have now in my Possession, a bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, with a small Star in her Forehead, and a small slit in her right Ear, docked, but unbranded, she hath with her a Colt. Any Person or Persons having a lawful Claim to the said Mare and Colt, may have them, by applying to the Subscriber, where they may hear of a young Horse, about three Years old, with a Slit in one of his Ears, and unbranded, this young Horse was seen to suck the above Mare when he was a Colt. JACOB RUMPH.

AGREEABLE to an Act of the General Assembly for the better regulating Taverns and Punch Houses, on Monday the 4th of August next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, will be holden at the House of Mr. Robert Dillon, a Meeting of a Board of Justices assigned to keep the Peace in Berkley County, in order to sign Certificates for Licences (to such Persons as shall be approved of) to sell and retail all Sorts of Strong-Liquors, as also to keep Billiard Tables. Therefore all Persons inclinable to take out Licences according to the said Act, are desired to give in their Names to the Subscriber before the said Day, at the Office of Fenwicke Bull, Esq; upon the Bay, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve in the Forenoon, and Two and Five in the Afternoon. OLIVER NOYES.

TO BE SOLD in small Tracts,

ABOUT twelve thousand Acres of Land on the Head of Combahee-River, known by the Name of the Salt-Catcher Barony, now the Property of Sir William Baker, Brice Fisher, and Nicholas Linwood, Esqrs. of London: The Plat of said Barony is now in the Hands of Mr. Owen Bowen, who has Directions to lay it out in Tracts: It is allowed to be exceeding fine Swamp, with a Sufficiency of very good high Land on each Side, proper for Corn and Indico, on which a commodious Settlement may be made.

Also Part of the Barony in Granville County, known by the Name of Jasper's Barony, adjoining the Lands of Col. Daniel Heyward, and other Settlements on the Euhaws: The Plat may now be seen in the Hands of Mr. William Maine. Credit will be given for the above Lands, the Purchasers paying Interest, and giving Security to

PAUL TRAPIER, } Attor. for Sir Wm. Baker, &c.
FRANCIS STUART, }

TO BE SOLD cheap, two very good Mahogany DESKS, and one Maple ditto. Enquire of CHARLES CROUCH, at his Printing-Office in Elliott-street.

TWO or three Gentlemen will be taken as DAY BOARDERS, in a creditable House. Enquire of the Printer of this Paper.

*** Most Sorts of Blanks, Stationary Ware, and Writing Paper, to be sold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

An ADDITION to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and *Country Journal*, TUESDAY, July 29, 1766. No. 33. [Printed by C. GOUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

CADIZ, March 25.

IN Conſequence of Orders from Madrid, an advice-tartan has been equipped here with all poſſible diligence, to carry ſome diſpatches for Vera Cruz. This veſſel ſailed the 18th, and the packets ſhe carries are ſaid to be of the greateſt importance.

The man of war that lately went from hence to take in at Larrache the Spaniſh and Neapolitan ſlaves, which the King of Morocco has reſtored to his Majeſty, arrived in our bay the 14th. She has on board ninety, three of thoſe captives, among whom was a very ancient woman, who had been in ſlavery 45 years, and who died the ſame day ſhe arrived in port, through exceſs of joy at ſeeing her native country again.

FLORENCE, March 3. *The Emperor has agreed with the Grand Duke to accept of 760,000 crowns, in full of his claim upon the ſums due to his father, the late Emperor, as ſovereign of Tuſcany.*

WARSAW, Feb. 27. *The Chamberlain Dierſanowſky is appointed Envoy Extraordinary from this court to that of London; and Mr. Cordicelli, one of his Majeſty's Aids de camps, is ordered to the court of Berlin with the ſame character.*

PARIS, March 28. *An arret of the King's council of ſtate, dated January 17th, is iſſued, touching the Extinction of the Canada money-bills and papers.*

By the firſt, his Majeſty orders that the Sieur de la Rochette, charged with the liquidation of the Canada papers, ſhall collect together each ſpecies of the Canada money-bills, which have been, or ſhall be liquidated, and preſent to the commiſſaries, deputed to preſide at the ſaid liquidation, the quantity that can be reckoned, burnt, and extinguiſhed at one ſitting.

The ſecond enjoins one of the commiſſaries to keep a regiſter indorſed and marked, in which the ſaid Sieur de la Rochette ſhall enter and ſign, at each ſitting, a note of the number and ſpecies of bills which are to be burnt and extinguiſhed.

According to the third, the ſaid commiſſaries, or two of them, ſhall examine and count the ſaid money-bills and papers, after which they ſhall cauſe them to be burnt, and ſign a verbal proceſs thereof, which ſhall be inſcribed on the regiſter.

The fourth orders, that there ſhall be a duplicate of the regiſter, one of which ſhall be kept by the Sieur de la Rochette, and the other ſent to the comptroller of the liquidation.

LONDON, April 4.

They write from Portſmouth harbour, that on Saturday laſt, the court-martial on board the Superbe man of war, holden for three days on a captain of the navy, ended; his ſentence was, diſmiſſion from the ſervice, for his detaining three of his Majeſty's ſhips in the Eaſt-Indies, and returning to Madraſs, after he had departed thence, and, as it was thought, gone to England. Some articles were in his favour, and ſome againſt him. His behaviour, during the trial, was ſolemn, expoſtulating and engaging; but after the ſentence, very affecting (he ſhedding tears) from the ſenſe he had of his miſtake: It is therefore hoped he will be reſtored to his former rank, on account of his former diligence, fidelity, and bravery.

Letter from a gentleman in Ireland to his friend in London, relative to the laſt aſſize at Clonmell.

" *There was a very dangerous ugly trial at our laſt aſſizes. A popiſh prieſt was found guilty, and executed, for the murder of a boy, that would have appeared as an evidence againſt him for thoſe riſings, that for ſome time have engroſſed the attention of the publick; theſe reports were at firſt diſregarded, but are now found to be true, and if not early prevented, would have been ſenſibly felt; for it is now paſt contradiction, that a rebellion and a maſſacre of the proteſtants, were to have been the concluſion of thoſe nightly meetings and revellings, which they concealed under the ſpecious name of ſelf-preſervation; as they pretended there was ſo much ground unfilled, that they had not ſufficient to ſubſiſt on. But, thank God, the ſcheme is now found out; and there are men of property, who it is believed will ſuffer. It clearly appeared, upon the trial of the prieſt, that there had been French officers in the kingdom, and that they had diſtributed money to favour thoſe diſturbances, which they were in hopes ſoon of effecting; and, as a proper emiſſary for their helliſh purpoſes, this prieſt was pitched on as a man endowed by nature with thoſe miſchievous qualities that were neceſſary to put their projects in execution.*"

Letters from Rennes inform, that though by the French King's edict the Jeſuits are ſuppreſſed in France, yet the biſhop of Rennes has given power to thirty ſix brethren to confeſs, and the Abbe Frey, brother to the celebrated Neufville, is appointed principal of the college of Rennes.

April 22. *Monday laſt a petition was preſented to his Majeſty from the widows of the commiſſion and warrant officers of the Royal Navy, in which they ſet forth, that they have preſumed moſt humbly to implore his Majeſty's gracious paternal protection and recommendation to parliament in their behalf, and hope his royal ear will not diſdain the petition of the unhappy, unfortunate widows of thoſe men who have ſo greatly contributed to the riches, the honour, the glory, the proſperity, and extenſion of his Majeſty's dominions, in different, and very diſtant quarters of the globe; widows whom his illuſtrious predeceſſor thought worthy of his regard, made the objects of his care, and moſt royally provided for the maintainance and ſupport, by an order ſo great, ſo generous, and noble, ſo replete with benevolence, beneficence, and humanity, that will for ever diſtinguiſh his beloved name among the greateſt and beſt of Kings, and render his memory dear to all ſucceeding ages: An order, now rendered uncertain and precarious, the preſervation and perfection of which, and to place it on a ſolid foundation, they flatter themſelves, was, by divine providence, happily reſerved for his Majeſty royally to accompliſh: that ſo ſhould the Bleſſings of the widows and fatherleſs deſcend upon the heads of his illuſtrious houſe, and the continual fervent prayers of moſt grateful hearts be poured out for the glory, happineſs, and proſperity of his auguſt royal family, as long as the Britiſh empire exiſts, and its victorious, triumphant navy rides the vanquiſhed ſea.*

On Saturday the 29th of March, a writ of inquiry, of a very important nature, was executed at the Guildhall of the city of Exeter, wherein John Woolcombe, of Aſhbury, in the county of Devon, Eſq; was plaintiff, and two cuſtom-houſe officers, a conſtable, and a ſmith, were defendants.—The action was brought for breaking open a box, containing ſome wearing apparel, and a bill of exchange for ſixty-nine pounds, which the plaintiff had ſent by the Okehampton carrier to Exeter, to be forwarded to his ſons at Eaton; the cuſtom-houſe officers inſiſted that they had a right, in the preſence of a conſtable, to break open any lock they thought proper, in ſearch of unentered goods, without making any information, or having a warrant, and that ſuch practice had never been controverted. The jury, conſiſting of reſpectable tradeſmen, after hearing counſel on both ſides, gave fifty pounds damages.———By the ſpirited behaviour of this worthy gentleman, the power of cuſtom-houſe officers to ſearch for contraband goods, is openly aſcertained, and the Public relieved from the terror of cuſtom-houſe officers arbitrarily and wantonly exerciſing a power contrary to law, and inconſiſtent with the liberty of a free people.

LONDON, April 26.

Abſtract from the Votes of the Houſe of Commons.

April 22, 1766. The houſe was moved, that the proceedings of the houſe of the 24th day of February, 1764, in relation to the queſtion propoſed, "that a general warrant for apprehending and ſeizing the author, printers and publiſhers of a ſeditious libel, together with their papers, is not warranted by law; and alſo in relation to the diſcharge of the complaint againſt Robert Wood, Eſq; Philip Carteret Webb, Eſq; members of this houſe, John Mooney, Robert Blackmore, and James Watſon, for a breach of privilege of this houſe, might be read.

And the ſame was read accordingly.

The houſe was alſo moved, that the proceedings of the houſe of the 17th day of the ſaid month, when the houſe reſumed the adjourned debate upon the ſame queſtion, that a general warrant for apprehending and ſeizing the authors, printers and publiſhers of a ſeditious libel, together with their Papers, is not warranted by law, might be read.

And the ſame was read accordingly.

The Houſe was alſo moved, that the proceedings of the houſe of the 29th day of January, 1763, in relation to the queſtion propoſed, that a general warrant for apprehending the authors, printers and publiſhers of a libel, together with their papers, is not warranted by law, and is a high violation of the liberty of the ſubject, might be read.

And the ſame being read accordingly;

A motion was made, and a queſtion being propoſed, that a general warrant to apprehend the author, printer or publiſher of a libel, is illegal; and if executed on the perſon of a member of this houſe, is alſo a breach of the privilege of this houſe.

And the previous queſtion being put, that that queſtion be now put, it was reſolved in the affirmative.

Then the main queſtion being put,

Reſolved, That a general warrant for apprehending the author, printer or publiſher of a libel, is illegal; and, if executed on the perſon of a member of this houſe, is a breach of the privilege of this houſe.

A motion was made, and the queſtion being propoſed, that the ſeizing or taking away the papers of the author, printer or publiſher of a libel, or ſuppoſed author, printer or publiſher of a libel, is illegal; and that ſuch ſeizing or taking away the papers of a member of this houſe, is a breach of the privilege of this houſe.

And the previous queſtion being put, that that queſtion be now put, it was reſolved in the affirmative.

Then the main queſtion being put,

Reſolved, That the ſeizing or taking away the papers of the author, printer or publiſher of a libel, or the ſuppoſed author, printer or publiſher of a libel, is illegal; and that ſuch ſeizing or taking away the papers of a member of this houſe, is a breach of the privilege of this houſe."

LONDON, May 1.

Letters from Leghorn inform, that a solemn deputation of the state of Corsica is actually to be held in June next, in order to invest General Paschal de Paoli with the ensigns of regal authority.

Advices from Utrecht assure, that the accounts published in that and other foreign papers concerning a pretended augmentation of the militia of Munster, are entirely without foundation.

A letter from Madrid, dated March 31, after giving an account of the late riot there, (as mentioned in a former paper) adds the following particulars:

"*As soon as the people were acquainted that his Majesty, and the Royal Family, quitted the palace, on the 28th, about one o'clock in the morning, they were enraged to the greatest degree, 30,000 surrounded the city of Madrid, and suffered neither coach, mule, or man to go out; so here we remained all that day, which was terrible, for the mob broke open the drinking houses, and inflamed themselves with spirituous liquors. The women in particular were very outrageous. The Walloon guards had marched off for Aranjuez, the Spanish guards kept close in their quarters, and the Invalids in different quarters of the town, suffered the people to take their arms from them. The mob went all night about town in large bodies, the women carrying lighted torches and palm branches, and we even expected to have our houses burnt. The general cry now was, Viva Espagna.*

"*They would take money from no one, nor hurt any body but those who were killed when they fired against the troops. The only act of cruelty done was to the Walloon guards, whom they treated very severely, and am told they dragged their bodies about the streets, and burnt them before they were dead, owing to those guards firing upon them and killing many. The ringleaders, who had been sent to Aranjuez to insist on the Court's coming back, in order to walk about the town as usual on Holy Thursday, returned with an account that his Catholick Majesty had been bled twice, was indisposed, and therefore could not come; but granted them a general pardon, and to send away Squilace, and his family for ever, and would appoint Mosquis minister of the finances, and that the only means to induce the King to return to Madrid, would be their immediately dispersing and obeying his orders. When this was made known, every thing was quiet.*

"*The people of their own accord went and returned their arms to the soldiers they took them from, and shook hands with them; and since that, people in Capas, that no body knows, have gone to the different publick houses where they had done mischief, and paid for the damage! They refused money from every body that offered them, said they wanted nothing but the blood of Squilace; about 60 people have been killed in all.*"

The grants of late lately made by the city of Toledo, and other parts of that kingdom, to his Catholic Majesty, are supposed to have been set on foot by some persons of weight there, in order to console their Monarch for the chagrin he must have felt at the insurrections which happened in March last at Madrid.

It was this morning reported, that some of our men of war on the African station, had destroyed several works which the French had erected on the coast.

They write from Charles-Town, that his honour Lieutenant Governor Bull, was to embark for England this summer, in order to communicate to the gentlemen in the ministry, a scheme of very great importance to the commercial interest of that province.

An ingenious gentleman, lately arrived in London, from Georgia, has brought over from that province a sample of Salop and Sago, equal if not superior, in goodness and quality to that imported from Turkey.—The encouragement of the above commodity will be a saving to the nation; and we are assured that the use of Salop will be introduced into his Majesty's royal navy, being extremely nutritious, and an excellent antiscorbutic.

The unfortunate town of Crediton, in Devonshire, which on Monday se'nnight, about eleven o'clock in the forenoon, had fifty dwelling-houses reduced to ashes by fire, suffered a great loss by fire in the year 1743, when upwards of 460 houses were burnt down, besides the Market-house, wool chambers, and other publick buildings, to the value of 35,000 l.

The right hon. Mr. Pitt is gone to Bath.

It is said to be certain that the Duke of Grafton will shortly resign, and that the Earl of Egmont is believed to be fixed upon to succeed him.

Several merchants from the Isle of Man are lately come over, in order to petition to parliament for the removal of many inconveniences they at present labour under.

It is likewise said, that his Grace the Duke of Athol intends building a handsome seat there, to be called Athol-House, for his residence a few months in the summer.

Some changes in the Administration have within these few days been very confidently talked of; but it was said this morning that they were not yet settled.

The citizens of Dublin are going to erect, in the new square opposite the Castle Gate, a fine Pillar, with a Statue at the top, of their late Lord Lieutenant, the Earl of Northumberland. The inscription on the base of the pillar is to signify, that his lordship was the first and only lieutenant, who refused the increase of the scandalous list of Pensioners upon that establishment.

We hear that at a general meeting of the proprietors of Canada bills, and others interested in the honour of this nation, &c. on Monday last it was resolved, That a letter of thanks should be sent, by a committee, to his Excellency General Conway, for his spirited and successful negociation with the court of France for the final payment of the Canada bill.

DUBLIN, March 22. On Saturday Nicholas Sheehy, a popish priest of Cloheen, and one Meahar, a breeches-maker, were hanged and quartered, and their heads fixed on the gaol of Clonmell, pursuant to their sentence, for the murder of John Bridge.

We hear from Clonmell, that on Wednesday last, a man of substance and repute, surrendered himself to the mercy of the court, confessed his knowledge of the murder of Bridge, and declared, that what the crown evidence had sworn was strictly true. We also hear, that in consequence of his discoveries, several persons have been since taken up in that neighbourhood.

James Maxey and William Loughnane were found guilty of most inhumanely abusing, in company of a large number of White Boys, Edmund Dunn, shepherd to Mr. John Keating, of Garranlay. They are to be whipped three market days, and suffer three months imprisonment.

Lately was married near Headford, in the county of Galway, after a courtship of three years, John Ford, aged 19 years, who measures no more than 42 inches in height, to Miss Biddy Carr, 23 years old, who measures only 39 inches in height.

CORK, March 31. Last Wednesday night James Buxton, captain, and second in command to Sheehy, the priest, among the White Boys, in the county of Tipperary, who stands charged with high treason, the murder of Bridge in that county, and also with being concerned at Newmarket, was taken in his bed in a cabin near the Galty mountains, within half a mile of his house, and carried to Clonmell gaol, from whence he was the next day transmitted to Kilkenny, to take his trial at the assizes there for the murder at Newmarket.

KINGSTON, (in Jamaica) May 24.

Monday arrived here, the Jamaica Planter, Capt. Furnell, from London, who brought an Account of the Repeal of the detestable Stamp-Law; and we hear a Commission from his Majesty, appointing Roger Hope Elletson, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor of this Island. And on Tuesday arrived the Sally, Captain Cummings, with a full Confirmation of the above Intelligence, having brought the London Gazette of the 18th of March, wherein was inserted his Majesty's Royal Assent to the same; and also the Repeal Act.—*Joyful News indeed!* Thursday Evening was appointed for celebrating this glorious News; the honourable the Custos, with several of the Magistrates and Inhabitants, met at the Court-House, where an handsome cold Collation was prepared by Mr. J. Baggs. The Gentlemen Grenadiers, Light Infantry, and Half-Boot Blues, cloathed in their Uniforms, met on the Occasion, and fired three Vollies as a *Feu de Joy*——. The Grenadiers and Light Infantry then retired to Rawleigh and Kemp's Coffee-House; and the Blues to Tillidam's, where they spent the Evening with the greatest Jollity. The Gentlemen of the Light Infantry had prepared an emblematical Flag, representing LIBERTY TRIUMPHANT, and an odious STAMP-MAN imploring Forgiveness for his many notorious Oppressions and Extortions during the Exercise of his most detestable Function; and also, an Effigy of the grand Promoter and Friend to the STAMP-LAW, which after being ignominiously brought to the Coffee-House in a Cart, was hung up to the Sign-Post, while a Bonfire was made, in which he was consumed. The Town was finely illuminated, many loyal Toasts were drank, and the Evening concluded with the greatest Harmony, Decency and Decorum.

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD,

WATCH-MAKER, in BROAD-STREET,

Has just imported in the Ship London, Capt. Strachan, from London, a neat assortment of CLOCKS and WATCHES, (the variety not to be seen elsewhere in America) among which are

FOUR plain stop gold watches, with seconds in the centre, that will stop to the fourth part of a second, the construction in one part being taken from Mr. Harrisons's time-keeper: they may be seen by any gentlemen who please to call at my shop. Also,

Some spring ALARMS, very useful for those who have occasion to call their servants early or late, as they can be set to go at any hour or minute they please.

Those gentlemen that purchase either of the above articles will be called upon for the money next January, and those whose accounts were due before January 1766, will not take it amiss if I call often upon them, as I must keep up my credit; and my *worthy friends* must also consider that the sun is very hot to walk in.

Very neat pocket pistols at eight and nine pounds a pair, plaited buckles, &c.

TWO or three single Men, of good Characters, will be taken as Boarders in a creditable House. For Particulars, enquire of the Printer.